



33rd

Report on Operating and Management Results Thirty-Third Fiscal Period Semi-Annual Report January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018

Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation



Tokyo Square Garden

#### **Determined Cash Distribution**

The 33rd fiscal period ended June 2018

¥7,245

#### Forecast Cash Distribution (reference)

The 34th fiscal period ending December 2018

¥7,280

The 35th fiscal period ending June 2019

¥7,300

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### JPR at a Glance

Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (JPR) is a J-REIT with a large-scale combined portfolio that is focused on office properties in Tokyo (Note). It aims to achieve stable growth of cash distributions, building on the quality of its properties and solid management operations.

(Note) "Office properties in Tokyo" represent office properties located in Central Tokyo (Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku, Shinagawa and Shibuya Wards) and Greater Tokyo (all other areas of Tokyo, Chiba, Kanagawa and Saitama Prefectures) (the same applies throughout this report).

#### **Portfolio**

JPR has built a large-scale combined portfolio of assets under the basic policy of making investments focused on office properties in Tokyo.

No. of Properties and Size

62 properties 435.0 billion yen

**Investment Ratio by Area** 

Tokyo: **84.5**% Other Cities: **15.5**%

**Investment Ratio by Asset Class** 

Office: **76.8**%

Retail: 23, 2%

#### **Financial Base**

JPR has constructed a financial base under the basic policy of conservatively controlling LTV and utilizing long-term, fixed interest rate debts.

Ratio of interest-bearing debts to total assets (LTV)

40.6%

Ratio of Long-Term, Fixed Interest Rate Debts

**100.0**%

**Issuer Rating** 

**AA**-(R&I)

A (S&P)

### **Sponsors**

JPR makes the best of the comprehensive capabilities in the real estate, construction and finance areas of the five sponsors led by Tokyo Tatemono together with Yasuda Real Estate, Taisei Corporation, Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance and Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance.

Aggregate Value of Properties Acquired from and Based on Information Provided by Sponsors, etc.

343.3 billion yen

Major Properties Acquired from Sponsors, etc.



The Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest)



Olinas Tower



Yakuin Business Garden

(Note) Aggregate value of properties acquired from and based on information provided by sponsors, etc. refers to the aggregate acquisition price of real estate, etc. JPR has acquired since its listing either from the sponsors, etc. or based on the information provided by the sponsors, etc., and includes the properties already sold.

Sponsors, etc. represent the five sponsor companies of JPR, their affiliate companies and special purpose companies (SPCs) in which the sponsors have made equity investment (the same applies throughout this report).

### Message to Our Unitholders



Dear Unitholders,

We at Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (JPR) would like to express our sincere gratitude for the continued loyal patronage you have extended to us.

Having settled the 33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018) at the end of June 2018, we renew our cordial appreciation for your patronage and support.

Going forward, JPR will continue working with Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. (TRIM), to which we entrust asset management, to realize our stable growth over the medium to long term while taking into account the governance of JPR as an investment corporation.

We ask you, our unitholders, to extend us continued consideration and support of our operations.

#### Financial Results of the 33rd Fiscal Period Ended June 2018

- Cash distribution per unit: \\$7,245 (up \\$22 period-on-period)
- Achieved a period-on-period increase in cash distributions for the ninth straight fiscal period
- Forecast distribution per unit for the next fiscal period: ¥7,280 (34th fiscal period ending December 2018)
- Forecast distribution per unit for the fiscal period after the next period: ¥7,300 (35th fiscal period ending June 2019)

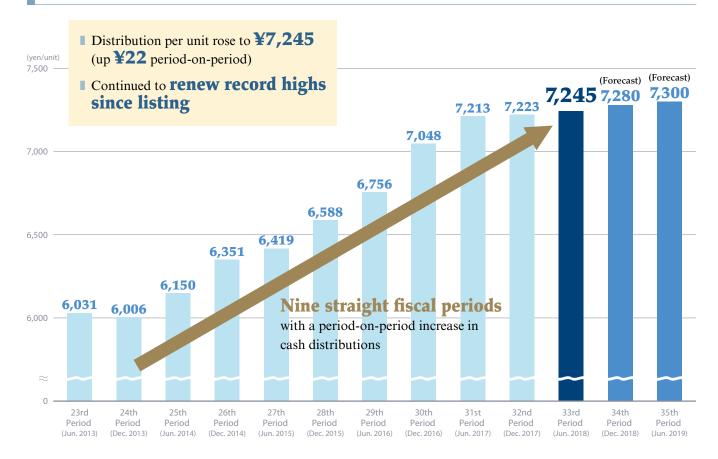
For the 33rd fiscal period, JPR continued to generate good financial results thanks to a progress made in upward revision of rents upon tenant replacement and contract renewal, among other factors.

Distribution per unit came to 7,245 yen, a new record high since listing, marking the ninth straight fiscal period with a period-on-period increase.

For the 34th fiscal period ending December 2018 and thereafter, JPR expects distribution per unit to continue showing a period-on-period increase. Going forward, JPR will endeavor to achieve a steady growth in cash distributions through strategic leasing activities and good communications with existing tenants.

## **Account Highlights**

#### **Cash Distribution Status**



### **Operating Results**

	32nd Period ended Dec. 2017	33rd Period ended Jun. 2018	Year-on-Year Change
Operating revenue (million yen)	15,141	15,204	+63
Operating expenses (million yen)	7,572	7,869	+296
Operating income (million yen)	7,569	7,335	-233
Non-operating income (million yen)	8	227	+219
Non-operating expenses (million yen)	910	877	-33
Ordinary income (million yen)	6,666	6,685	+19
Net income (million yen)	6,665	6,686	+20
Distribution per unit	7,223	7,245	+22

#### **TOPIC 1**

Operating revenue increased due to such factors as upward revision of rents upon contract renewal and tenant replacement.

#### **TOPIC 2**

Operating expenses increased mainly due to an increase in property taxes, etc. in accordance with asset revaluation in fiscal 2018.

#### **TOPIC 3**

Non-operating expenses increased due to accrual of settlement of management association accounts at certain properties.

## **Internal Growth Strategy**

JPR has achieved internal growth through an increase in rents while maintaining the occupancy rate at a high level, with its measures including flexible use of target rents proving effective.

### **Major Reinforcement Strategies**

1. Flexibly use target rents

JPR conducts leasing by setting target rents, to be used upon concluding new contracts or renewing existing contracts for respective properties, for each fiscal period in accordance with the market trends.

2. Reinforce investments for value enhancement

JPR works to raise rents for new contracts and reinforce property competitiveness by investing in interior fittings and facilities, etc. that meet tenant needs.

3. Continuously enhance tenant satisfaction

Deliberately responding to tenants and creating safe and secured environments are important initiatives that positively affect rent negotiations as well as help prevent contract cancellations from happening.

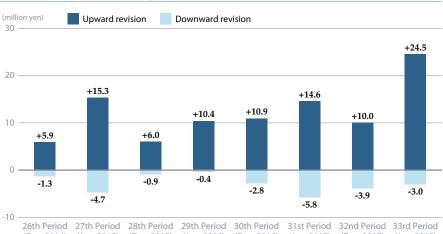
#### **Average Occupancy Rate**

The average occupancy rate of the portfolio (period average of occupancy rates at end of months) has remained at a high level.



### Changes in Revised Amount of Monthly Rent, Etc.

Steady progress was made in negotiations on upward revision of rents.



(Dec. 2015) (Jun. 2016) (Dec. 2016) (Jun. 2017) (Dec. 2017)

### **External Growth Strategy**

JPR is resolved to continuously work on investments focused on office properties in Tokyo in order to enhance its growth potential over the long term, while conducting vigorously selective investments in retail properties as well as office properties in regional cities to enhance the stability of earnings.

#### **Basic Strategy**

## 1. Focused investments in office properties in Tokyo

Improve the quality of the portfolio by making investments focused on office properties in Tokyo that are expected to contribute to long-term growth

Compared with other regional cities, Tokyo allows expectations for more stable occupancy and higher rent levels. Looking ahead, JPR will continue to make investments focused on office properties in Tokyo, with an aim to further improve the quality of its portfolio and enhance its growth potential over a long term.

2. Vigorously selective investments in retail properties as well as office properties in regional cities

For retail properties as well as office properties in regional cities, work to invest in strictly selected blue-chip properties that can keep stable revenues at a certain level

While securing growth potential by making focused investments in office properties in Tokyo, JPR will make vigorously selective investments in urban retail properties with long-term, fixed-rent contracts and in large office properties in regional cities having a high competitive advantage in the areas, in order to complement the stability of earnings from the entire portfolio.

#### Cases in which JPR Acquired Properties by Utilizing Sponsor Support

JPR has displayed its strength of having sponsors comprised of real estate developers, a general contractor and financial institutions in acquiring blue-chip properties.





The Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest) was acquired from an SPC in which Tokyo Tatemono and Taisei Corporation have equity interests.

FUNDES Suidobashi



FUNDES Suidobashi was acquired from Tokyo Tatemono.

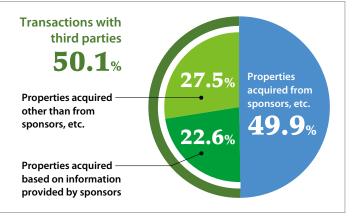


Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (securities code: 8955)

#### ■ Property Acquisition Results by Channel

At JPR, the ratio of properties acquired from its sponsors, etc. and that of properties acquired from third parties (total of properties acquired based on the information provided by the sponsors and those acquired other than from the sponsors, etc.) are almost equal, standing at 49.9% for the former and 50.1% for the latter (on an acquisition price basis).

JPR will work to increase property acquisition opportunities and conduct vigorously selective investments in blue-chip properties by building sourcing abilities on its own instead of depending solely on sponsor support.



### **Financial Strategy**

By controlling the ratio of interest-bearing debts in a conservative manner and making further endeavors to lengthen the maturity of procured debts and diversify repayment dates, JPR has maintained a stable and strong financial base that should allow it to respond to future changes in the financial environment.

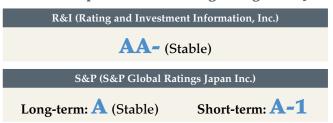
#### **Financial Status**

JPR has maintained its conservative leverage control policy, in which it targets to keep the ratio of interest-bearing debts to total assets largely at up to 50%, and secured a stable fund procurement base with the ratio of long-term, fixed interest rate debts at 95% or more.

#### Major Financial Indicators (at end of the 33rd fiscal period)

# Ratio of interest-bearing debts to total assets (LTV) 40.6% Ratio of long-term, fixed interest rate debts 100.0%

#### **Status of Corporate Credit Ratings Assigned to JPR**



#### Financing Status for the 33rd Fiscal Period

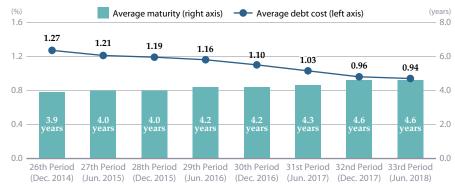
JPR has successfully reduced debt cost while placing more emphasis on lengthening the maturity of procured debts and diversifying the repayment dates.

#### Comparison of Debts Matured and New Debts Procured in the 33rd Period



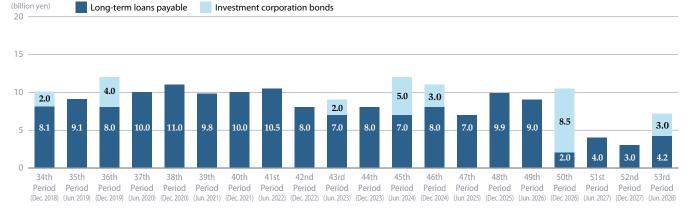
#### Average Maturity of the Entire Interest-Bearing Debts and Average Debt Cost

JPR has worked to reduce financing costs and stabilize financial operations by lowering the average debt costs and lengthening the average maturity.



### **Diversification of Repayment Dates for Interest-Bearing Debts**

JPR has endeavored to mitigate refinance risks by diversifying repayment dates wile establishing a commitment line with a credit limit of 24 billion yen.



#### **Initiatives on Governance**

In the belief that it is essential to secure sound and efficient operations of JPR in order to realize its continuous growth, consistent efforts have been made to reinforce and sustain corporate governance of JPR and TRIM, the Asset Manager.

#### **Board Composition that Secures Governance**

- At JPR, the Executive Officer has no concurrent assignment as director of TRIM in consideration of securing the independence of the investment corporation.
- The JPR officers have sufficient experience in practical operations and have a thorough knowledge of the REIT industry. The Supervising Officers are an attorney and a public accountant, securing the effectiveness of their monitoring function on the business operations of the investment corporation.

Member of the Board of JPR				
Executive Officer:	Satoshi Okubo			
Supervising Officer:	Masato Denawa (attorney)			
Supervising Officer:	Nobuhisa Kusanagi (certified public accountant)			

#### Merits of Having Diversified Sponsors and Monitoring of Operations

- The five sponsors that are active in the respective areas provide properties, human resources, information and other support by taking advantage of their respective strengths.
- Each sponsor exercises its monitoring function, from a variety of perspectives, on the business operations of the investment corporation.
- The Compliance Office general manager that is the head of the department in charge of internal control at TRIM is not seconded from any of the sponsor companies.

#### **Shareholder Composition of TRIM** Real estate 🔐 東京建物 Real estate Construction Tokyo Tatemono ②安田不動産 44 大成建設 Shareholding ratio: 52% Taisei Corporation Yasuda Real Estate Shareholding ratio: 18% Shareholding ratio: 10% Finance Finance 明治安田生命 損保ジャパン日本興亜 Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. (Asset Manager) Shareholding ratio: 10% Shareholding ratio: 10% Tokyo Realty Investment

#### **Decision Making Based on Stringent Processes**

- Upon making decisions on property acquisitions, asset management and other issues, TRIM conducts stringent screening and takes other procedures from various perspectives through designated committees and other institutions.
- In particular, material transaction matters conducted with the sponsors, etc. are screened and verified by the Compliance Committee as to their adequacy and rationality. The Committee employs a unanimous vote for approvals in principle.
- An outside attorney has been appointed as a special member of the Compliance Committee.



## Stringent Decision-Making Process (for property acquisitions)



In addition to the processes indicated in the above chart, there may be cases where approval by the Board of Directors and consent by JPR are required as designated in the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations.

### **Initiatives on Sustainability**

For JPR to grow stably over the medium to long term, it is essential to address such social requirements as considerations to the environment, society and governance. JPR will continue its endeavors to enhance sustainability, including its initiatives for environmental friendliness.

#### **Initiatives on Environmental Friendliness**

Recognizing the importance of addressing environmental issues, JPR strives to reduce its environmental footprint by upgrading facilities and improving operation at the properties it owns.

1. Investing in eco-friendly properties

Prior to finalizing an agreement to purchase real estate, an inspection is always conducted by an expert to verify legal compliance. JPR also conducts an inspection in advance to check for the presence of soil contamination or specified hazardous substances such as asbestos, in order to identify and avoid properties which are a risk in terms of their impact on the natural environment.

2. Managing energy-saving and reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Social responsibility towards climate change is becoming increasingly larger. Therefore, JPR is taking steps to upgrade to energy-efficient equipment and improve the operation of facilities while also organizing activities to educate tenants.

3. Environment-related data

In addition to pursuing environmental and energy-saving measures, JPR periodically measures greenhouse gas emissions ( $CO_2$  emissions) and works to publicize the obtained data.

#### **Energy Performance Achievements**

		Fiscal 2016 ended March 2017	Fiscal 2017 ended March 2018	Year-on-Year Change
D	Total volume (mWh)	95,500	94,084	-1,416
Power use	Intensity (mWh/m²)	0.151	0.147	-0.004
6	Total volume (mWh)	22,669	20,150	-2,518
Gas use	Intensity (mWh/m²)	0.036	0.031	-0.005
**	Total volume (mWh)	9,698	9,672	-26
Heat use	Intensity (mWh/m²)	0.015	0.015	0.000
<b>T</b> AY .	Total volume (m³)	434,036	442,231	+8,195
Water use	Intensity (m <sup>3</sup> /m <sup>2</sup> )	0.692	0.691	-0.001
	<b></b>			
CO <sub>2</sub> emission	Total volume (t-CO <sub>2</sub> )	52,957	50,215	-2,742
CO2 CHIISSION	Intensity (t-CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> )	0.084	0.078	-0.006

(Note 1) The data covers the entire portfolio and has been collected for the period between April of each year and March of the next year.

(Note 2) The intensity is calculated using the formula of (Total volume of power use or CO<sub>2</sub> emission) / (total floor space in proportion to ownership ratio (m²) x annual average occupancy rate (%))

### **Recognition by Third Parties**

#### ■ Acquisition of DBJ Green Building Certification

JPR has continuously obtained the DBJ Green Building Certification. To date, JPR has acquired the Certification for 17 of the properties it owns (corresponding to 37.7% of the portfolio based on book value), including Tokyo Square Garden that was granted a 5-star assessment.

The DBJ Green Building Certification is a certification system established by Development Bank of Japan Inc., designed to select superior real estate that meets the demand of the times, with a purpose of promoting properties that are environmentally friendly, equipped to mitigate disaster and prevent crime, as well as meet the social requirements from various stakeholders surrounding real estate ("Green Buildings").

Properties with the best class environmental & social awareness





Tokyo Square Garden (Chuo-ku, Tokyo)

## ■ Designated as "Green Star," the Highest Ranking in GRESB Survey, for Four Consecutive Years

The 2017 GRESB survey acknowledged JPR's superiority both in the "Management & Policy" and "Implementation & Measurement" dimensions, and designated JPR as "Green Star," the highest ranking, for the fourth consecutive year.

GRESB, which stands for Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark, is a benchmark system for analyzing and evaluating sustainability of real estate companies, REITs and real estate private placement funds, in terms of environmental friendliness and social nature. It is based on surveys conducted by a group of the same name composed of more than 60 organizations worldwide such as European pension asset managers.



## ■ Acquisition of Assessment in CASBEE for Building Certification

JPR received a "Rank A" assessment in the CASBEE for Building Certification for its Yakuin Business Garden in 2018. The property was recognized for its consideration for the building safety with high seismic resistance and control performance, as well as its consideration to an environment providing natural enjoyment to tenants and local residents through greening with a variety of plants in its premises.

CASBEE, which stands for Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environment Efficiency, is a system for comprehensively assessing the environmental performance of buildings. Efforts to develop and popularize the system in Japan are being made under the leadership of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.





Yakuin Business Garden (Fukuoka, Fukuoka)

#### **Portfolio Status**

### Portfolio Management Standards

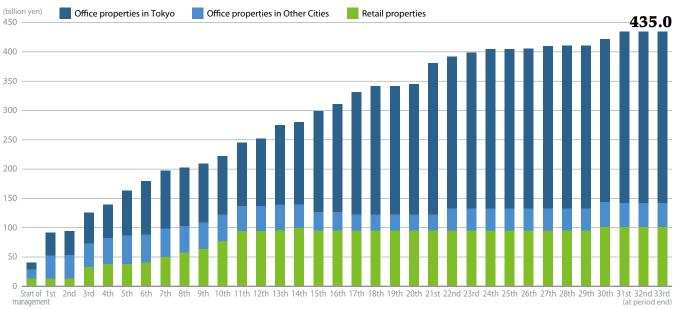
Upon listing, JPR had portfolio management standards that set a target investment ratio by area of roughly 60% for Tokyo versus 40% for Other Cities and a target investment ratio by asset class of roughly 80% for office properties versus 20% for retail properties. In the 16th fiscal period ended December 2009, however, JPR changed the standards as follows with a policy of focusing investments in office properties in Tokyo.

#### Target investment ratio by area

Target investment ratio by asset class

Tokyo: **80 - 90**% Other Cities: **20 - 10**% Office: 70 - 90%
Retail: 30 - 10%

#### **Asset Size Expansion Trends**



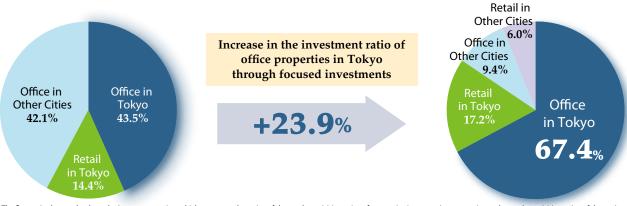
(Note) The asset size represents the aggregate acquisition price of the respective properties in JPR's portfolio as of the relevant date, rounded off to the nearest 100 million yen.

### Changes in Investment Ratios by Area and by Asset Class

As a result of focused investments in office properties in Tokyo, the investment ratio of office properties in Tokyo stood at 67.4% as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period, up 23.9% compared with the 43.5% as of the end of the 1st fiscal period.

#### End of 1st Fiscal Period (June 30, 2002)

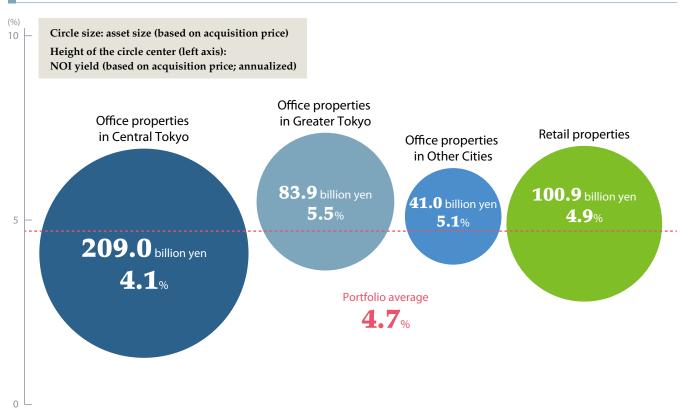
#### End of 33rd Fiscal Period (June 30, 2018)



(Note) The figures in the graphs show the investment ratios, which represent the ratios of the total acquisition price of properties in respective categories to the total acquisition price of the entire portfolio, rounded to the first decimal place.

JPR has built a portfolio that enjoys the utmost advantages of diversified investments, including the growth potential of office properties located in Central Tokyo, the stability of urban retail properties with long-term lease agreements, etc., and the profitability of office properties in Greater Tokyo and Other Cities.

#### Status of Diversified Investments (asset size by area/asset class and NOI yields)

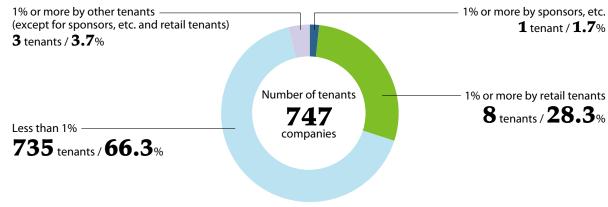


(Note) NOI yield (based on acquisition price; annualized) refers to the yield of NOI\* in each category, annualized in accordance with the number of operating days of properties in the relevant category (the average number of operating days weighted by acquisition price). Figures are rounded to the first decimal place.

\*NOI = Real estate rental revenues - real estate rental expenses + depreciation

### Status of Tenant Diversification (ratio of tenant occupancy of 1% or more)

If the ratio of occupancy (ratio of occupied floor space in the portfolio) by a single tenant is low, it reduces the risk of lower revenue when the tenant cancels a contract in the future. JPR keeps the ratio low to enhance the stability of revenue.



(Note) Ratio of occupancy = Leased space of each tenant / total leasable space

The number of tenants indicates the number of sublessees, which shows the diversification status in effect, when the tenant subleases the relevant property to sublessees (end tenants), etc. and the leasing terms and conditions vary in accordance with the situation of leasing. When a single tenant leases multiple rooms, it is counted as one if the tenant uses the same property. If the leased rooms are in multiple buildings, the tenant is counted in plural.

## **Overview of Portfolio Properties**

## **List of Properties (62 Properties for the Entire Portfolio)**

#### **Central Tokyo (31 Properties)**

	Property Number	Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Acquisition Price (in millions)	Percentage of Portfolio Acquisition Price (%)	Leasable Floor Space (m²)	PML (%)
	A-1	Kanematsu Bldg.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 27, 2001	¥16,276	3.7	7,994.02	3.9
	A-2	Kanematsu Bldg. Annex	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 27, 2001	2,874	0.7	2,291.13	5.8
	A-3	JPR Ningyo-cho Bldg.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Nov. 16, 2001	2,100	0.5	2,804.56	3.7
				Nov. 16, 2001	1,670	0.4		
		CI : K :: 1 : DI I	CI: I I T I	Nov. 21, 2002	550	0.1	2 24 0 27	
	A-4	Shin-Kojimachi Bldg.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Nov. 12, 2004	200	0.0	3,319.37	4.4
				Total	2,420	0.6		
	A-5	JPR Crest Takebashi Bldg.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Jun. 21, 2002	4,000	0.9	3,265.34	7.8
	A-6	MS Shibaura Bldg.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 28, 2003	11,200	2.6	14,468.38	6.8
	A-7	Gotanda First Bldg.	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Jul. 23, 2003	2,920	0.7	4,241.22	7.3
	A-9	JPR Ichigaya Bldg.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	May 28, 2004	5,100	1.2	4,234.41	4.9
	A-10	Oval Court Ohsaki Mark West	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Jun. 1, 2004	3,500	0.8	4,088.44	3.5
				Jul. 2, 2004	10,000	2.3		
				Sep. 26, 2008	180	0.0		
	A-11	Shinjuku Square Tower	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 25, 2015	4,000	0.9	19,266.38	1.3
				Oct. 21, 2015	786	0.2		
				Total	14,966	3.4		
				Nov. 9, 2004	2,900	0.7		
				Apr. 12, 2005	8,921	2.1	15,227.80	
	A-12	BYGS Shinjuku Bldg.	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Jul. 13, 2010	3,300	0.8		3.1
Office				Total	15,121	3.5		
	A-13	Across Shinkawa Bldg. Annex	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Nov. 26, 2004	710	0.2	1,253.39	4.7
	A-14	Shinjuku Center Bldg.	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 27, 2008	21,000	4.8	8,863.98	1.3
	A-15	Minami Azabu Bldg.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Jul. 14, 2008	3,760	0.9	3,405.73	6.0
	A-16	Shinagawa Canal Bldg.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 19, 2008	1,870	0.4	1,700.57	5.3
	A-17	Rokubancho Bldg.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 2, 2009	2,800	0.6	2,488.36	7.7
	A-18	JPR Harajuku Bldg.	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 25, 2009	8,400	1.9	4,763.38	6.8
	A-19	Tokyo Tatemono Kyobashi Bldg.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Feb. 12, 2010	5,250	1.2	3,551.01	6.7
	A-20	JPR Nihonbashi-horidome Bldg.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 31, 2010	5,100	1.2	5,299.88	5.0
	A-21	JPR Sendagaya Bldg.	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	May 31, 2010	15,050	3.5	6,177.74	2.6
	A-22	Ginza Sanwa Bldg.	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Aug. 29, 2011	3,400	0.8	1,896.69	4.5
	A-23	The Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest)	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 13, 2012	36,000	8.3	11,034.78	_
	A-24	Science Plaza – Yonbancho Plaza	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 6, 2013	2,660	0.6	3,325.29	3.1
				Dec. 6, 2013	3,420	0.8	-,-	
	A-25	Shibadaimon Center Bldg.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Jul. 30, 2014	800	0.2	5,401.46	5.6
				Total	4,220	1.0	2,121112	
				Feb. 1, 2017	9,200	2.1		
	A-26	Tokyo Square Garden	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Apr. 4, 2017	9,200	2.1	5,971.73	2.6
		,		Total	18,400	4.2	-,- :	
	A-1	JPR Shibuya Tower Records Bldg.	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Jun. 30, 2003	12,000	2.8	8,076.85	5.8
	A-3	JPR Jingumae 432	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 24, 2006	4,275	1.0	1,027.33	5.4
	,, ,			Mar. 14, 2007	540	0.1	.,027.33	3.7
	A-4	Shinjuku Sanchome East Bldg. Shinjuku-ku, Toky	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Apr. 24, 2008	2,200	0.5	2,347.81	1.6
Retail	A-4	Jimjaka sanchome East blag.	Simijaka ka, lokyo	Total	2,740	0.6	2,547.01	1.0
- Retail	A-5	Yurakucho Ekimae Bldg. (Yurakucho Itocia)	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Aug. 27, 2008	3,400	0.8	1,101.92	3.0
	A-6	JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg. (Note 4)	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 15, 2016	10,100	2.3	1,665.79	6.8
	A-7	FUNDES Suidobashi	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Dec. 15, 2016	3,250	0.7	1,367.56	6.5
	,,,	Subtotal	Chrysda Ra, lokyo	DCC. 13, 2010	¥244,862	56.3	161,922.30	0.5

#### **Greater Tokyo (17 Properties)**

	Property Number	Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Acquisition Price (in millions)	Percentage of Portfolio Acquisition Price (%)	Leasable Floor Space (m²)	PML (%)
	B-1	Arca East	Sumida-ku, Tokyo	Nov. 16, 2001	¥5,880	1.4	7,022.76	3.2
	B-2	JPR Chiba Bldg.	Chiba, Chiba	Dec. 13, 2001	2,350	0.5	5,536.18	3.9
	B-3	JPR Yokohama Nihon Odori Bldg.	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Nov. 16, 2001	2,927	0.7	6,079.74	6.7
				Sep. 25, 2002	920	0.2		
	B-5	Shinyokohama 2nd Center Bldg.	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Mar. 28, 2013	570	0.1	5,284.75	10.5
				Total	1,490	0.3		
	B-6	Kawaguchi Center Bldg.	Kawaguchi, Saitama	Feb. 13, 2004	8,100	1.9	15,503.27	6.8
Office	B-7	JPR Ueno East Bldg.	Taito-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 1, 2004	3,250	0.7	6,454.84	3.9
Office		Tachikawa Business Center Bldg.  Tachikawa, Tokyo  Feb. 28, 2007  Total	lg. Tachikawa, Tokyo	Sep. 30, 2005	888	0.2		
	B-8			Feb. 28, 2007	2,300	0.5		4.1
				3,188	0.7			
	B-9	Rise Arena Bldg.	Toshima-ku, Tokyo	Mar. 22, 2007	5,831	1.3	6,023.39	1.3
	B-10	Yume-ooka Office Tower	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Jul. 10, 2007	6,510	1.5	12,000.08	3.4
	B-11	Olinas Tower	Sumida-ku, Tokyo	Jun. 29, 2009	31,300	7.2	23,987.40	2.4
	B-12	Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Dec. 27, 2010	7,000	1.6	6,494.01	5.2
	B-13	Omiya Prime East	Saitama, Saitama	Mar. 22, 2013	6,090	1.4	6,871.45	2.4
	B-1	Tanashi ASTA	Nishitokyo, Tokyo	Nov. 16, 2001	10,200	2.3	31,121.71	3.5
	B-3	Cupo-la Main Bldg.	Kawaguchi, Saitama	Mar. 31, 2006	2,100	0.5	5,963.00	8.1
Retail	B-4	JPR Musashikosugi Bldg.	Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Sep. 28, 2006	7,254	1.7	19,740.95	4.5
	B-5	Musashiurawa Shopping Square	Saitama, Saitama	Mar. 19, 2007	4,335	1.0	14,960.69	7.1
	B-6	Kawasaki Dice Bldg.	Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Apr. 12, 2007	15,080	3.5	12,116.35	5.9
	Subtotal					28.2	189,830.84	_

#### **Other Cities (14 Properties)**

	Property Number	Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Acquisition Price (in millions)	Percentage of Portfolio Acquisition Price (%)	Leasable Floor Space (m²)	PML (%)
	C-1	Niigata Ekinan Center Bldg.	Niigata, Niigata	Nov. 16, 2001	¥2,140	0.5	5,327.50	1.7
	C-4	Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.	Osaka, Osaka	Nov. 16, 2001	4,150	1.0	7,136.30	4.3
	C-7	JPR Hakata Bldg.	Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Nov. 16, 2001	2,900	0.7	6,572.76	0.5
	C-9	JPR Naha Bldg.	Naha, Okinawa	Nov. 16, 2001	1,560	0.4	3,945.83	5.7
	C-12	Sompo Japan Sendai Bldg.	Sendai, Miyagi	Jun. 26, 2002	3,150	0.7	7,129.14	2.0
Office	C-13	Sompo Japan Wakayama Bldg.	Wakayama, Wakayama	Jun. 26, 2002	1,670	0.4	4,876.71	10.6
	C-14	Tenjin 121 Bldg.	Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Jun. 21, 2002	2,810	0.6	3,257.73	1.6
	C-17	JPR Dojima Bldg.	Osaka, Osaka	Jan. 23, 2004	2,140	0.5	3,918.28	5.0
	C-19	JPR Nagoya Fushimi Bldg.	Nagoya, Aichi	Mar. 22, 2005	4,137	1.0	7,086.37	6.3
	C-20	Yakuin Business Garden	Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Aug. 8, 2012	10,996	2.5	16,654.33	1.6
	C-21	JPR Shinsaibashi Bldg. (Note 5)	Osaka, Osaka	May 30, 2005	5,430	1.2	3,949.41	11.5
				May 15, 2003	8,000	1.8		
	C-1 JPR Umeda Lot Retail	JPR Umeda Loft Bldg.	Osaka, Osaka	Jul. 16, 2003	5,000	1.1	18,586.97	4.3
Retail				Total	13,000	3.0		
	C-4	Housing Design Center Kobe	Kobe, Hyogo	Sep. 28, 2005	7,220	1.7	35,444.13	7.2
	C-5	JPR Chayamachi Bldg.	Osaka, Osaka	Aug. 30, 2006	6,000	1.4	2,478.42	8.4
		Subtotal			¥67,303	15.5	126,363.88	_
		Total			¥435,050	100.0	478,117.02	2.0

(Note 1) The table above shows properties owned by JPR as of June 30, 2018.

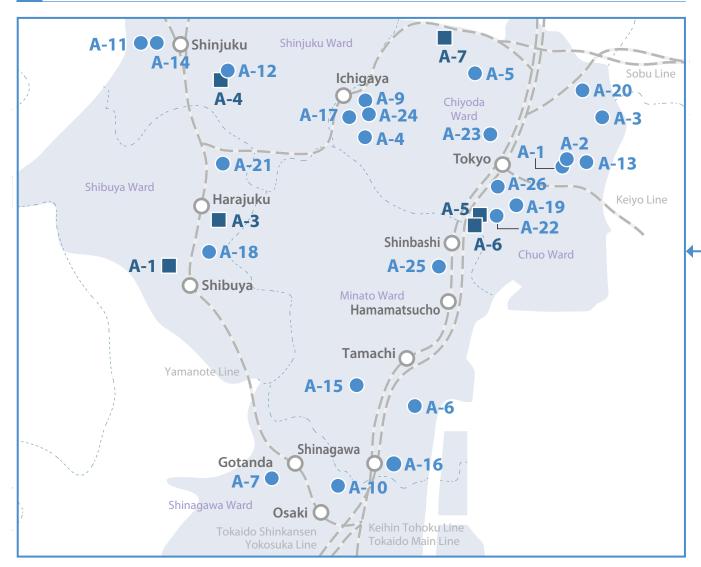
<sup>(</sup>Note 2) The leasable floor space indicates only the portions owned by JPR. For co-owned properties, the figure indicates the portions corresponding to the equity interest held by JPR.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) The PML indicates the figures stated in the Portfolio Earthquake PML Valuation Report prepared by Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Risk Management Inc., rounded down to the first decimal place. (Note 4) The property was renamed from GINZA GATES to JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg. as of August 1, 2018.

 $<sup>(</sup>Note\ 5)\ The\ property\ was\ renamed\ from\ Benetton\ Shinsaibashi\ Bldg.\ to\ JPR\ Shinsaibashi\ Bldg.\ as\ of\ August\ 1,\ 2018.$ 

### Portfolio Map

### **Central Tokyo**



#### Office

- A-1 Kanematsu Bldg.
- Kanematsu Bldg. Annex • A-2
- JPR Ningyo-cho Bldg. • A-3 • A-4 Shin-Kojimachi Bldg.
- A-5 JPR Crest Takebashi Bldg.
- MS Shibaura Bldg. • A-6
- A-7 Gotanda First Bldg.
- A-9 JPR Ichigaya Bldg.
- Oval Court Ohsaki Mark West A-10
- A-11 Shinjuku Square Tower
- A-12 BYGS Shinjuku Bldg.
- Across Shinkawa Bldg. Annex
- Shinjuku Center Bldg. • A-14
- A-15 Minami Azabu Bldg.

- A-16 Shinagawa Canal Bldg.
- Rokubancho Bldg. • A-17
- JPR Harajuku Bldg. ● A-18
- **A-19** Tokyo Tatemono Kyobashi Bldg.
- A-20 JPR Nihonbashi-horidome Bldg.
- JPR Sendagaya Bldg. A-21
- A-22 Ginza Sanwa Bldg.
- The Otemachi Tower • A-23 (Land with Leasehold Interest)
- A-24 Science Plaza – Yonbancho Plaza
- Shibadaimon Center Bldg. • A-25
- A-26 Tokyo Square Garden

#### Retail

- A-1 JPR Shibuya Tower Records Bldg.
- JPR Jingumae 432 ■ A-3
- Shinjuku Sanchome East Bldg. ■ A-4
- A-5 Yurakucho Ekimae Bldg. (Yurakucho Itocia)
- JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg. A-6
- A-7 FUNDES Suidobashi



Chiyoda Ward Chuo Ward

Minato Ward Shinjuku Ward Shinagawa Ward Shibuya Ward

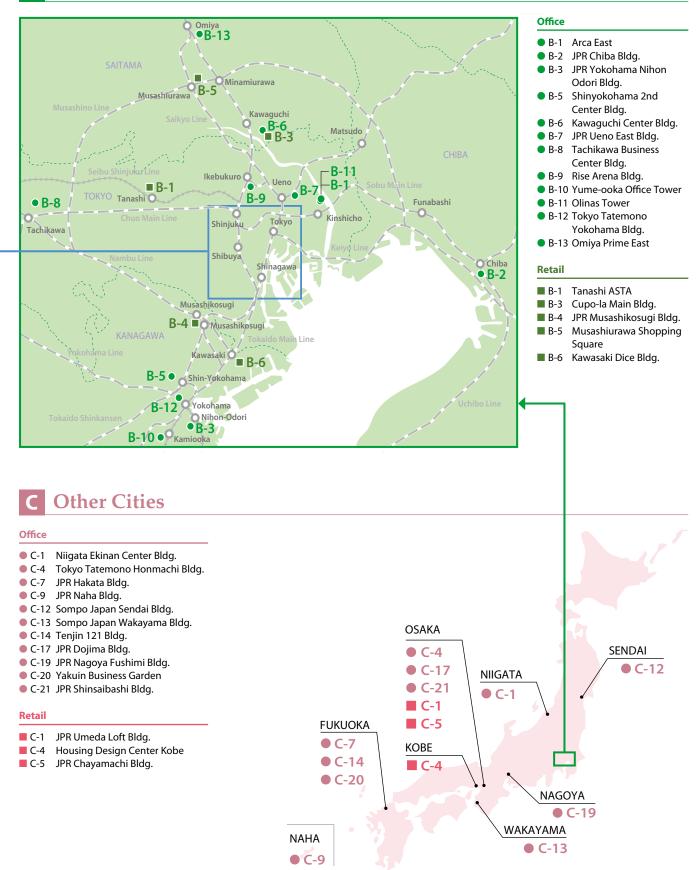


All other areas of Tokyo, Chiba, Kanagawa and Saitama Prefectures



All other areas in Japan

#### B Greater Tokyo (all other areas of Tokyo, Chiba, Kanagawa and Saitama Prefectures)



## **Portfolio Properties**

### Central Tokyo Office







## Kanematsu Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
	¥16,276 million
Site Area	
	1,751.13 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	14,995.09 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	S/RC/SRC B2/13F
Completed	
	February 1993
<b>Property Manager</b>	
Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd.

#### Kanematsu Bldg. Annex Chuo Ward, Tokyo



	¥2,874 million
Site Area	
	679.06 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	4,351.46 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/8F
Completed	
	February 1993
Property Manager	-
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.



## JPR Ningyo-cho Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo



¥2,100 millior
550.06 m <sup>2</sup>
4,117.70 m <sup>2</sup>
SRC/RC B1/8F
December 1989
itemono Co., Ltd



## **Shin-Kojimachi Bldg.** Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



¥2,420 million
657.80 m <sup>2</sup>
5,152.98 m <sup>2</sup>
SRC B1/9F
October 1984
emono Co., Ltd.



## JPR Crest Takebashi Bldg. Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
	¥4,000 million
Site Area	
	636.90 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	4,790.68 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/9F
Completed	
	September 1999
Property Manager	
Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd.

## MS Shibaura Bldg. Minato Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
Acquisition Frice	¥11,200 million
Site Area	
	8,992.18 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	31.020.21 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	SRC/RC/S B2/13F
Completed	
	February 1988
Property Manager	
Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd

### Central Tokyo Office



Retail



## **Gotanda First Bldg.** Shinagawa Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥2,920 million
Site Area	
	1,551.19 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	10,553.34 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC/RC B2/11F
Completed	
	July 1989
Property Manager	
Tokyo 7	Tatemono Co., Ltd.



## JPR Ichigaya Bldg. Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	VE 400 1111
	¥5,100 million
Site Area	
	1,058.04 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	5,888.82 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/9F
Completed	
	March 1989
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.



#### **Oval Court Ohsaki Mark West** Shinagawa Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
requisition i nec	¥3,500 million
Site Area	
	4,006.00 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	28,575.80 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors S/SRC B2/17F Completed June 2001 Property Manager
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.



#### **Shinjuku Square Tower** Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		Str
	¥14,966 million	
Site Area		Coi
	8,409.52 m <sup>2</sup>	
(entire	redevelopment project)	
Total Floor Space		Pro
	78,796.00 m <sup>2</sup>	

perty Manager (entire redevelopment project)

ucture/Floors S/RC/SRC B4/30F mpleted October 1994

Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.



## BYGS Shinjuku Bldg. Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
Acquisition ince	¥15,121 million
Site Area	
	3,522.46 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	25.733.10 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	SRC B2/14F
Completed	
	April 1985
Property Manager	
Tokyo Tat	emono Co., Ltd.

## **Portfolio Properties**

### Central Tokyo Office



## Across Shinkawa Bldg. Annex Chuo Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥710 million
Site Area	
	858.48 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	5,535.90 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B2/10F
Completed	
	June 1994
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	atemono Co., Ltd.

#### Minami Azabu Bldg. Minato Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	¥3,760 million
Site Area	
	778.09 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	4,570.63 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S 9F
Completed	
	June 1992
Property Manager	

Acquisition Price		
	¥21,000 million	
Site Area		
	14,917.11 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	176,607.89 m <sup>2</sup>	

**Shinjuku Center Bldg.** Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo

ctober 1979

#### Shinagawa Canal Bldg. Minato Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	¥1,870 million
Site Area	+1,070 IIIIII0II
Site Area	828.82 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	5,216.21 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S B1/8F
Completed	
	July 2008
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	itemono Co., Ltd.

## **Rokubancho Bldg.** Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



¥2,800 million
716.95 m <sup>2</sup>
4,205.09 m <sup>2</sup>
SRC B3/7F
October 1991
emono Co., Ltd.

## JPR Harajuku Bldg. Shibuya Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
Acquisition i fice	¥8,400 million
Site Area	4 202 02 3
T . IFL . C	1,205.07 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	6,466.94 m <sup>2</sup>

	emono Co., Ltd.
Property Manager	
	March 1989
Completed	
	SRC B1/9F
Structure/Floors	

### Central Tokyo Office



#### Tokyo Tatemono Kyobashi Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	¥5,250 million
	¥3,230 IIIIII0II
Site Area	
	547.10 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	4,419.79 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC/S B1/10F
Completed	
	January 1981
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	atemono Co., Ltd.

#### JPR Nihonbashi-horidome Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	¥5,100 million
Site Area	
	937.59 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	7,190.82 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/9F
Completed	
	June 2002
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.

#### JPR Sendagaya Bldg. Shibuya Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
	¥15,050 million
Site Area	
	2,217.49 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	7,683.19 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors S 8F Completed May 2009 Property Manager
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.

#### Ginza Sanwa Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥3,400 million
Site Area	
	1,119.27 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	9 9E1 00 m²

Mitsubis Mana	shi Jisho Property agement Co., Ltd.
Property Manager	
	October 1982
Completed	
	SRC B2/9F
Structure/Floors	

#### The Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest) Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		Structure/Floors	
	¥36,000 million		_
Site Area		Completed	
	11,034.78 m <sup>2</sup>		_
Total Floor Space		Property Manager	
	_		_ (Note)
(Note) Since the pror	perty consists of land with le	asehold interest only, no property	management

company has been appointed.

### **Portfolio Properties**

### Central Tokyo Office





#### Shibadaimon Center Bldg. Minato Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		
	¥4,220 million	
Site Area		
	1,915.50 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	11,419.93 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors		
Structure/110013	S/SRC B1/10F	
Completed		
	July 1993	
Property Manager	•	
Nomura Real Esta	ate Partners Co., Ltd.	

#### **Tokyo Square Garden** Chuo Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price	
¥	18,400 million
Site Area	
	8,124.72 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	112,645.83 m <sup>2</sup>

S/SRC B4/24F Completed February 2013 Property Manager
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. The Dai-Ichi Building Co., Ltd.



#### Science Plaza - Yonbancho Plaza Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
·	¥2,660 million
Site Area	
	5,289.01 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	24,560.36 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC/RC B2/12F
Completed	
	February 1995
<b>Property Manager</b>	
Nomura Real E	State Partners Co., Ltd.

#### JPR Jingumae 432 Shibuya Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥4,275 million
Site Area	
	198.10 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	1,066.81 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B1/7F
Completed	
	February 2006
Property Manager	
Jones I	Lang LaSalle K.K.

#### JPR Shibuya Tower Records Bldg.

Shibuya Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
Acquisition Frice	¥12,000 million
Site Area	
	1,010.47 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	8.449.56 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	SRC/S B3/8I
Completed	
	February 1992
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	itemono Co., Ltd





### Central Tokyo Office Retail / Greater Tokyo Office





#### Shinjuku Sanchome East Bldg. Shinjuku Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		
	¥2,740 million	
Site Area		
	2,578.69 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	24,617.65 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC/RC B3/14F
Completed	
	January 2007
<b>Property Manager</b>	
Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd.

#### Yurakucho Ekimae Bldg. (Yurakucho Itocia) Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥3,400 million
Site Area	
	6,808.12 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	71,957.65 m <sup>2</sup>

Property Manager Tologo To	atemono Co., Ltd.
	October 2007
Completed	
	S/SRC B4/20F
Structure/Floors	

#### JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg. Chuo Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		
	¥10,100 million	
Site Area	230.11 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space	1,821.67 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors S 11F Completed June 2008 Property Manager Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.

#### **FUNDES Suidobashi**

Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	¥3,250 million
Site Area	,
	281.59 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	1,477.91 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S 9F
Completed	
	July 2015
Property Manager	
Prin	ne Place Co., Ltd.



#### JPR Chiba Bldg. Chiba City, Chiba



	DBJ Green Building
Acquisition Price	2017 CO
	¥2,350 million
Site Area	
	1,382.35 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	9,072.57 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B1/13F

Property Manager Jones Lang LaSalle K.K. (Note)
(Note) The property manager was switched from Taisei-Yuraku Real Estate Co., Ltd. as of April 1, 2018.

January 1991

## **Portfolio Properties**

### Greater Tokyo Office Retail





#### **Arca East** Sumida Ward, Tokyo



Acquisition Price		
	¥5,880 million	
Site Area		
	3,755.01 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	34.281.86 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors S/SRC B3/19F Completed March 1997 Property Manager
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.

#### Kawaguchi Center Bldg. Kawaguchi City, Saitama



Acquisition Price	
	¥8,100 million
Site Area	
	4,524.61 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	28,420.85 m <sup>2</sup>

Sell March	ALTER VICTOR
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B2/15F
Completed	
	February 1994
Property Manager	
Nomura Real Es	tate Partners Co., Ltd.

#### JPR Yokohama Nihon Odori Bldg. Yokohama City, Kanagawa



Acquisition Price	¥2,927 million
Site Area	<u> </u>
	1,100.59 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	9,146.52 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/11F
Completed	
	October 1989
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.



#### Shinyokohama 2nd Center Bldg.

Yokohama City, Kanagawa



Acquisition Price		
	¥1,490 million	
Site Area	841.71 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space	7,781.93 m <sup>2</sup>	

ite Partners Co., Ltd.
August 1991
S/SRC B2/12F



#### Tachikawa Business Center Bldg. Tachikawa City, Tokyo



Acquisition Price	
	¥3,188 million
Site Area	
	2,047.22 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	14,706.36 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B1/12F
Completed	
	December 1994
Property Manager	
Tokyo T	atemono Co., Ltd.

### Greater Tokyo Office







JPR Ueno East Bldg. Taito Ward, Tokyo









Acquisition Price		
	¥3,250 million	
Site Area		
	1,242.97 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	8,490.44 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B1/8F
Completed	
	October 1992
Property Manager	

Jones Lang LaSalle K.K.







Acquisition Price		
	¥6,510 million	
Site Area	1001100 3	
	12,011.00 m <sup>2</sup>	
Total Floor Space		
	185,974.87 m <sup>2</sup>	

Structure/Floors S/SRC/RC B3/27F Completed March 1997 Property Manager
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.



Rise Arena Bldg. Toshima Ward, Tokyo





Acquisition Price ¥5,831 million

Site Area 9,377.28 m<sup>2</sup> (entire redevelopment project)

Total Floor Space 91,280.94 m<sup>2</sup>

(including residential tower)

Structure/Floors RC/SRC/S B3/42F (Note) Completed

January 2007 Property Manager

Taisei-Yuraku Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Note) The office building has 15 floors above ground and 2 floors underground.







Completed

cquisition	Price	
		¥31,300 million

Site Area  $27\text{,}335.29\ m^2\ (\text{entire site area})$ Total Floor Space

257,842.41 m<sup>2</sup> (includes commercial tower and residential tower)

**Property Manager** Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. (Note) The office building has 31 floors above ground and 2 floors underground.

SRC/RC/S B2/45F (Note)

February 2006

## **Portfolio Properties**

## Greater Tokyo Office Retail



## **Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.** Yokohama City, Kanagawa



Acquisition Price		Structure/Floors
	¥7,000 million	SRC B1/9F
Site Area		Completed
	1,110.28 m <sup>2</sup>	May 1981
Total Floor Space		Property Manager
	8,772.51 m <sup>2</sup>	Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd

## Omiya Prime East Saitama City, Saitama





2,268.09 m <sup>2</sup>	Property Manager
2,268.09 m <sup>2</sup>	February 2009
2 2 60 00 3	
	Completed
≨6,090 million	S 9F
	Structure/Floors
	€6,090 million

#### Tanashi ASTA Nishitokyo City, Tokyo



	80,675.27 m <sup>2</sup>		atemono Co., Ltd.
Total Floor Space		Property Manager	
	12,326.30 m <sup>2</sup>		February 1995
Site Area		Completed	
	¥10,200 million		SRC B2/17F
Acquisition Price		Structure/Floors	

## **Cupo-la Main Bldg.** Kawaguchi City, Saitama



Acquisition Price		Structure/Floors	
	¥2,100 million		S/RC/SRC B2/10F
Site Area		Completed	
(entire	15,008.28 m <sup>2</sup> redevelopment project)		January 2006
Total Floor Space	48,321.96 m <sup>2</sup>	Property Manager Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd.



## Greater Tokyo Office Retail / Other Cities Office



Retail

## JPR Musashikosugi Bldg. Kawasaki City, Kanagawa



Acquisition Price	
	¥7,254 million
Site Area	
	4,757.09 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	18,394.32 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	SRC/RC/S B1/6F
Completed	
	March 1983
Property Manager	
Tokyo	Tatemono Co., Ltd.



## **Niigata Ekinan Center Bldg.** Niigata City, Niigata



Acquisition Price	
	¥2,140 million
Site Area	2.70(.003
	2,706.99 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	19,950.42 m <sup>2</sup>

10.0
S/SRC B1/10F
March 1996
Lang LaSalle K.K.

## Musashiurawa Shopping Square Saitama City, Saitama



Acquisition Price	¥4,335 million
	¥4,333 IIIIII0II
Site Area	8,317.99 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	28,930.36 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	S B1/4F
Completed	October 2005
	camatsu Co., Ltd. temono Co., Ltd.

## Kawasaki Dice Bldg. Kawasaki City, Kanagawa



Acquisition Price	¥15,080 million
Site Area	110,000
	4,475.45 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	36,902.01 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors		
J. actarc/110013	S/SRC/RC	B2/11I
Completed		
	Aug	ust 2003
Property Manager	r	
Tokyo	Tatemono (	Co., Ltd



## **Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.** Osaka City, Osaka



Acquisition Price	
	¥4,150 million
Site Area	
	1,432.64 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	14,619.52 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B3/9F
Completed	
	February 1970
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	itemono Co., Ltd.

### **Portfolio Properties**

#### Other Cities Office Retail







Acquisition Price	
	¥2,900 million
Site Area	
	1,214.63 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	9,828.73 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC B1/12F
Completed	
	June 1985
expansion in	n November 2003
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	itemono Co., Ltd.

#### JPR Naha Bldg. Naha City, Okinawa



	2010.00
Acquisition Price	
	¥1,560 million
Site Area	
	959.87 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	5,780.71 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC/S 12F
Completed	
	October 1991
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.

#### Sompo Japan Sendai Bldg. Sendai City, Miyagi



Acquisition Price	
	¥3,150 million
Site Area	
	1,895.67 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	10,783.52 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/12F
Completed	
	December 1997
Property Manager	
Tokyo T	atemono Co., Ltd.

#### Sompo Japan Wakayama Bldg. Wakayama City, Wakayama



¥1,670 million
1,128.45 m <sup>2</sup>
6,715.07 m <sup>2</sup>
S 9F
July 1996
-
emono Co., Ltd.

#### Tenjin 121 Bldg. Fukuoka City, Fukuoka

**JPR Dojima Bldg.** Osaka City, Osaka



Acquisition Price	
	¥2,810 million
Site Area	
	1,164.39 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	8,690.95 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S/SRC 13F
Completed	
	July 2000
Property Manager	-
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.

#### Yakuin Business Garden Fukuoka City, Fukuoka





	Acquisition Price ¥2,140 million	n
	Site Area	_
	668.11 m	1 <sup>2</sup>
<b>过雪雪雪园园</b>	Total Floor Space	_
	5,696.01 m	1 <sup>2</sup>
<b>在哪海阳斯斯</b>	Structure/Floors	_
<b>元前周周周</b> 第 6	SRC B2/9	F
<b>対応に関係した。</b>	Completed	_
2 開日田田田田	October 199	3
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Property Manager	_
CHARLES TO SERVICE THE PARTY OF	Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd	1.

**Acquisition Price** ¥10,996 million Site Area 4,486.44 m<sup>2</sup> Total Floor Space 22,286.35 m<sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
	SRC 14F
Completed	
	January 2009
Property Manager	
Tokyo Tat	temono Co., Ltd.

### Other Cities Office Retail



## JPR Nagoya Fushimi Bldg. Nagoya City, Aichi



Acquisition Price	¥4,137 million
Site Area	,
	1,610.38 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	10,201.44 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	SRC B1/9F
Completed	
	March 1991
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.

## JPR Shinsaibashi Bldg. Osaka City, Osaka



Acquisition Price	
	¥5,430 million
Site Area	
	609.31 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	5,303.98 m <sup>2</sup>
Structure/Floors	
	S B2/10F
Completed	
	February 2003
expansio	n in January 2005
Property Manager	
Tokyo Ta	itemono Co., Ltd.

## JPR Umeda Loft Bldg. Osaka City, Osaka



Acquisition Price	
, requisition i i i e	¥13,000 million
Site Area	
	3,518.68 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	17,897.56 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
511401410/110015	SRC B1/8F
Completed	
	April 1990
Property Manager	
Tokyo Tate	mono Co., Ltd.



### **Housing Design Center Kobe**

Kobe City, Hyogo



Acquisition Price	
	¥7,220 million
Site Area	
	3,994.47 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	
	33,877.71 m <sup>2</sup>

Structure/Floors	
Structure/110013	SRC/S B2/11F
Completed	June 1994
Property Manager Tokvo Ta	temono Co., Ltd.

## JPR Chayamachi Bldg. Osaka City, Osaka



Acquisition Price	¥6,000 million
Site Area	592.45 m <sup>2</sup>
Total Floor Space	3,219.36 m <sup>2</sup>

Property Manager	nono Co., Ltd
Completed	June 1994
Structure/Floors	S/SRC 9F

## Structure and History of JPR

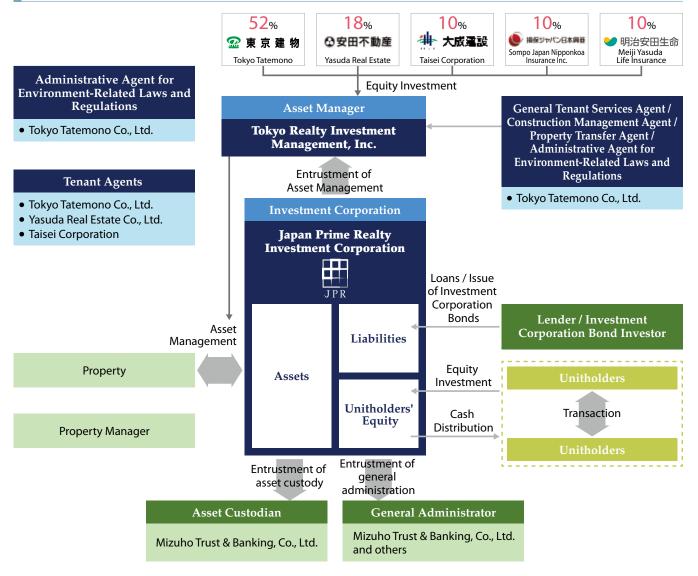
#### The Objective and Basic Characteristics of JPR

With the fundamental concept of "investment in urban commercial real estate," JPR shall invest primarily in real estate, which comprises superior urban office buildings (urban commercial facilities), retail properties found in thriving commercial areas, multi-use facilities and the land on which they are located as well as in asset-backed securities that have such real estate as their primary investments. In addition, in light of the returns and risks of these investment targets, JPR shall make it a basic policy to invest not only in Tokyo, but also strive to diversify into other regional cities so as to maximize the advantages of portfolio management.

#### **Corporate History**

Date	Description
Santambar 6 2001	The founder (Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc.) filed for establishment of the investment corporation under Article
September 6, 2001	69-1 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (Investment Trusts Act)
September 14, 2001	Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation was registered and established under Article 166 of the Investment Trusts Act
November 16, 2001	Started asset management (acquisition of real estate beneficiary interests in trust for 13 underlying trust assets comprising 11
November 10, 2001	office properties and 2 retail properties) (¥40,730 million in total)
January 22, 2002	Investment unit split (2.5 units for 1 existing unit) pursuant to Article 87 of the Investment Trusts Act
June 14, 2002	Listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and started trading

#### Structure of JPR



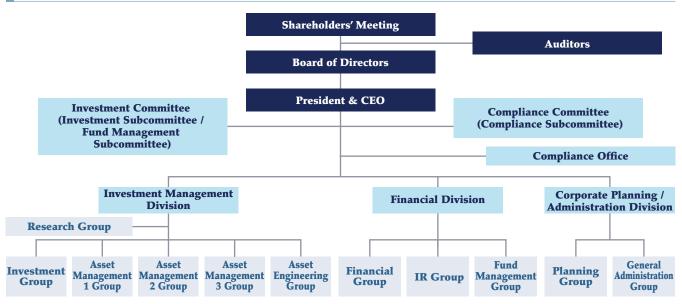
### **Overview of Asset Manager**

#### **Overview**

Name	Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. (TRIM)
Business Description	Asset management for investment corporations
Capitalization	¥350 million
	Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. (52%)
Shareholder	Yasuda Real Estate Co., Ltd. (18%)
Composition	Taisei Corporation (10%)
(Shareholding ratio)	Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. (10%)
	Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company (10%)
Corporate History	
April 28, 2000	Established
October 13, 2000	Obtained license as real estate transaction agent (currently: No. (3) 79025 licensed by Governor of Tokyo)
March 16, 2001	Obtained license as discretionary transaction agent under the Building Lots and Building Transactions Business Act (Approval
March 10, 2001	Number: No. 3)
June 20, 2001	Obtained license as asset management agent for investment corporation under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment
June 20, 2001	Corporations (Approval Number: No. 7 licensed by the Prime Minister)
Contombou 20, 2007	Registered for financial instruments exchange business (investment management business)
September 30, 2007	(Registration Number: No.362 (Kinsho) Head of Kanto Local Finance Bureau) (Note)
November 28, 2007	Applied for registration and submitted application form for financial instruments exchange business

(Note) Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. was deemed to have been registered as investment management business, applicable to the Supplementary Provisions Article 159-1 of the Act for Partial Revision of the Securities and Exchange Act, etc. (Act No. 65 of 2006)

#### **Organization Chart**



#### **Decision-Making Institutions for Investment Management**

TRIM has established the Investment Committee as the institution to make investment management decisions, as well as the Investment Subcommittee (including the Due Diligence Subcommittee) and the Fund Management Subcommittee as subsidiary bodies of the Committee. These committees are comprised of the President and CEO, Investment Management Division General Manager, Financial Division General Manager, and Corporate Planning / Administration Division General Manager. The Compliance Office General Manager also participates in these committees to enhance confirmation in terms of legal compliance. Matters concerning the targets and policies of investment management are decided by the Board of Directors, and matters concerning planning and implementation of asset management are decided by the Investment Committee.

Matters concerning acquisition, disposition or management of individual properties are decided by the Investment Subcommittee or the Fund Management Subcommittee, respectively. Moreover, the Board of Directors has final decision-making authority for acquisitions and dispositions of individual assets having over a certain amount of value.

## 1. Overview of Asset Management

### (1) Changes in Operating Results and Other Management Data

			29th Fiscal	30th Fiscal	31st Fiscal	32nd Fiscal	33rd Fiscal
	Fiscal Period	Unit	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
	1 1/211 1 01100	01110	(Jan. 1, 2016 -	(Jul. 1, 2016 -	(Jan. 1, 2017 -	(Jul. 1, 2017 -	(Jan. 1, 2018 -
			Jun. 30, 2016)	Dec. 31, 2016)	Jun. 30, 2017)	Dec. 31, 2017)	Jun. 30, 2018)
	Operating Revenue	Million yen	14,246	15,105	15,118	15,141	15,204
nce	Rent revenue – real estate	Million yen	14,246	15,105	14,907	15,141	15,204
Operating Performance	Gain on sale of real estate	Million yen	_	0	210	_	_
orfo	Operating Expenses	Million yen	7,372	7,944	7,370	7,572	7,869
g P	Expenses related to rent business	Million yen	6,658	6,898	6,599	6,810	7,114
atin	Loss on sale of real estate	Million yen	_	300	_	_	_
ber	Operating Income	Million yen	6,874	7,161	7,747	7,569	7,335
0	Ordinary Income	Million yen	5,897	6,153	6,868	6,666	6,685
	Net Income	Million yen	5,896	6,152	6,867	6,665	6,686
	Total Assets	Million yen	418,738	432,307	446,068	446,487	446,297
<u>;</u>	(Period-on-period variation)	%	(-0.0)	(+3.2)	(+3.2)	(+0.1)	(-0.0)
ts, e	Interest-bearing Debts	Million yen	176,126	188,960	181,394	181,228	181,120
Assets, etc.	Total Unitholders Equity	Million yen	216,384	216,639	238,611	238,619	238,638
<;	(Period-on-period variation)	%	(+0.1)	(+0.1)	(+10.1)	(+0.0)	(+0.0)
	Unitholders' Capital	Million yen	210,395	210,395	231,653	231,653	231,653
er	Total Cash Distributions	Million yen	5,897	6,152	6,657	6,666	6,687
Cash Distribution per Unit, etc.	Dividend payout ratio	%	100.0	100.0	96.9	100.0	100.0
butic etc.	Number of Units Outstanding	Units	873,000	873,000	923,000	923,000	923,000
Distrib Unit,	Total Unitholders' Equity per unit	Yen	247,862	248,154	258,516	258,525	258,546
ij	Cash Distribution per Unit	Yen	6,756	7,048	7,213	7,223	7,245
ash	Distribution amount	Yen	6,756	7,048	7,213	7,223	7,245
	Exceeding profit distribution amount	Yen	_	_	_	_	_
	Ordinary Income on Total Assets (Note 1)	%	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.5
	Annualized (Note 10)	%	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.0
	Net Income on Total Unitholders' Equity (Note 2)	%	2.7	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8
	Annualized (Note 10)	%	5.5	5.6	6.1	5.5	5.7
	Total unitholders' equity at						
	beginning of period	Million yen	216,238	216,384	216,639	238,611	238,619
so.	Unitholders' Equity Ratio at End of Period (Note 3)	%	51.7	50.1	53.5	53.4	53.5
dice	(Period-on-period variation)		(+0.0)	(-1.6)	(+3.4)	(-0.0)	(+0.0)
Financial Indices	Interest-bearing Debts to Total Assets at End of Period (Note 4)	%	42.1	43.7	40.7	40.6	40.6
ınan	DSCR (Note 5)	Times	9.1	9.9	10.7	11.2	11.6
臣	Net income before interest and amortization (Note 6)	Million yen	8,738	9,269	9,452	9,430	9,442
	Interest expenses	Million yen	955	931	887	842	812
	NOI from Leasing (Note 7)	Million yen	9,473	10,090	10,216	10,252	10,033
	Annualized NOI yield (Notes 9 and	-					
	10)	%	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
	NCF from Leasing (Note 8)	Million yen	8,701	9,366	9,652	9,627	8,887
	Annualized NCF yield (Notes 9 and 10)	%	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.1
on c	Investment Properties Owned (Note 11)		62	63	62	62	62
renc	Number of Tenants		661	679	730	745	747
Reference Information	Total Leasable Floor Space	m <sup>2</sup>	476,345.81	477,249.40	477,972.54	478,169.25	478,117.02
R	Occupancy Rate	%	98.1	98.6	98.0	98.5	98.8

 $<sup>(</sup>Note\ 1)\ \ Ordinary\ income\ /\ (total\ assets\ at\ beginning\ of\ period\ +\ total\ assets\ at\ end\ of\ period)\ /\ 2$ 

 $<sup>(</sup>Note\ 2)\ \ Net\ income\ /\ (total\ unitholders'\ equity\ at\ beginning\ of\ period\ +\ total\ unitholders'\ equity\ at\ end\ of\ period)\ /\ 2$ 

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) Total unitholders' equity at end of period / total assets at end of period x 100

<sup>(</sup>Note 4) Interest-bearing debts / total assets at end of period x 100

<sup>(</sup>Note 5) Net income before interest and amortization / interest expenses (including interest expenses on investment corporation bonds)

<sup>(</sup>Note 6) Income before income taxes - gain on sale of real estate + loss on sale of real estate + loss on sale of investment securities + extraordinary loss + interest expenses (including interest expenses on investment corporation bonds) + depreciation

<sup>(</sup>Note 7) (Real estate rental revenues - real estate rental expenses) + depreciation

<sup>(</sup>Note 8) NOI from leasing - capital expenditures

(Note 9) Annualized NOI from leasing / property acquisition price (29th fiscal period: ¥410.30 billion, 30th fiscal period: ¥423.65 billion, 31st fiscal period: ¥439.89 billion, 32nd fiscal period: ¥435.05 billion and 33rd fiscal period: ¥435.05 billion)

Annualized NCF from leasing / property acquisition price

(Note 10) Annualization is based on 365 days for a year and calculated by using the following management days: 29th fiscal period: 182 days, 30th fiscal period: 184 days, 31st fiscal period: 181 days, 32nd fiscal period: 184 days and 33rd fiscal period: .181 days

(Note 11) Properties acquired at multiple times are calculated as one property.

(Note 12) Total leasable floor space in this table indicates the contracted area.

(Note 13) Any ratio indicated on financial indices is rounded to the first decimal place (except for the dividend payout ratio, which is rounded down to the first decimal place).

#### (2) 33rd Fiscal Period Asset Management

#### 1) Milestones of JPR

Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (JPR) was established on September 14, 2001 under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (hereafter, the Investment Trusts Act), and was listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Real Estate Investment Trust Section (securities code: 8955) on June 14, 2002 with 289,600 outstanding investment units. With the subsequently implemented public offerings and other capital raising measures by JPR, the number of investment units issued and outstanding totals 923,000 units as of today. JPR has assigned the asset management of its portfolio to Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. (hereafter, the Asset Manager), through which JPR aims to maximize unitholder value by efficiently managing the portfolio primarily comprising office properties and retail properties.

#### 2) Management Environment

In the 33rd fiscal period, the Japanese economy remained on track for a moderate recovery, as improvements in corporate earnings led to an increase in capital investment while consumer spending showed a pickup under the solid employment and income environment, despite certain industries taking a cautious stance on the business outlook. The overseas economy also continued to stay on a mild recovery path, although political and economic risk factors including trade issues still exist nonetheless.

#### The Office Property Leasing Market

The supply and demand conditions in the office property leasing market of the 23 wards of Tokyo remained tight as new demand for such positive development as setting up new offices, expanding the office spaces and moving to better locations continued to be strong. The upward trend of the rent levels for new contracts also continued, although at a moderate pace.

#### The Retail Property Leasing Market

The need of tenants to open stores remained strong for urban retail properties that JPR targets for investment. Consumption by inbound foreign tourists also showed robust results, and the leasing market for urban retail properties continued to stay in good shape in good locations, such as Ginza, Omotesando and Shinsaibashi.

#### The For-Sale Real Estate Market

In the for-sale real estate market, investors remain highly willing to purchase properties while blue-chip properties are in short supply. With low-yield transactions continuing to prevail, the acquisition environment remains harsh. Accordingly, investors continue to look for ways to effectively acquire properties, such as diversifying the target assets for investment and conducting asset replacement.

#### 3) Portfolio Management Status

#### **New Property Acquisitions**

JPR investigates possible investments mainly in office properties in the Tokyo area, plus retail properties and office properties in regional cities, with the primary aim of improving the quality of the portfolio and achieving stable growth of its earnings while paying attention to balancing diversification of the portfolio, both in terms of location and asset type.

During the 33rd fiscal period, JPR investigated possible investments primarily in office properties in the Tokyo area, but no acquisition was closed and completed. As of the end of June 2018, the balance of JPR's assets under management totaled 62 properties, or 435.0 billion yen on an acquisition price basis, with the total leasable floor space standing at 478,117m<sup>2</sup> and the number of tenants reaching 747.

#### **Operational Management of Portfolio**

In the office property leasing market in the 33rd fiscal period, the vacancy rate stayed at a low level, given a more advanced improvement in the supply and demand balance in Tokyo and other areas. Under such circumstances, JPR endeavored to attract new tenants through strategic leasing activities and enhance the satisfaction of existing tenants by keeping close cooperation with property management companies and brokers, with an aim of enhancing earnings from the entire portfolio and improving its occupancy rate. As a result of these efforts, the occupancy rate at the end of the 33rd fiscal period increased 0.3 points period-on-period to 98.8%.

In terms of property management, based on JPR's brand concept A/3S (Amenity/Service, Safety and Save Energy), JPR continued to proactively implement value enhancement works based on tenant needs with an aim to create spaces where the workers feel satisfaction. As an endeavor to implement energy-saving measures, JPR conducted renovation of air-conditioning systems and replacement of lighting equipment with LED lamps, which are expected to be effective for the endeavor, at its multiple properties.

With regard to initiatives on environmental issues, JPR has continuously obtained the DBJ Green Building Certification\*1, having acquired the Certification for 17 of the properties it owns as of June 30, 2018. Moreover, in the GRESB\*2 Real Estate Assessment (the survey conducted in 2017), JPR was designated as "Green Star," marking the fourth consecutive year of recognition with the highest ranking in the survey. JPR was also granted a higher rank of "4 Stars" in the GRESB Rating, which makes relative assessment based on total scores, for two consecutive years. Furthermore, JPR received a higher assessment of "Rank A" in the CASBEE for Building Certification\*3 for its Yakuin Business Garden.

- \*1 The DBJ Green Building Certification is a certification system by Development Bank of Japan Inc., designed to select superior real estate that meets the demand of the times, with a purpose of promoting properties that are environmentally friendly, equipped to mitigate disaster and prevent crime, as well as meet the social requirements from various stakeholders surrounding real estate ("Green Buildings").
- \*2 GRESB, which stands for Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark, is a benchmark system for analyzing and evaluating sustainability of real estate companies, REITs and real estate private placement funds, in terms of environmental friendliness and social nature. It is based on surveys conducted by a group of the same name composed of more than 60 organizations worldwide such as European pension asset managers.
- \*3 CASBEE, which stands for Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environment Efficiency, is a system for comprehensively assessing the environmental performance of buildings. Efforts to develop and popularize the system in Japan are being made under the leadership of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

#### **Fund Procurement**

JPR is engaged in debt financing with more emphasis placed on lengthening the debt maturity and diversifying repayment dates, in an effort to make its financial base more solid and stronger against the backdrop of the favorable fund procurement environment and low interest rates. In the 33rd fiscal period, JPR borrowed 13.2 billion yen to fund the refinance of interest-bearing debts that matured during the fiscal period. The average maturity of and the average interest on the new interest-bearing debts stood at 7.6 years and 0.57%, respectively, in contrast to 5.5 years and 0.99% for the relevant interest-bearing debts before refinancing.

As of the end of the 33rd fiscal period, the balance of interest-bearing debts totaled 181.1 billion yen, with balance of borrowings of 153.6 billion yen and balance of investment corporation bonds of 27.5 billion yen. The ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets (Note 1) was 40.6%, long-term and fixed interest-bearing debt ratio (Note 2) was 100.0%, average debt cost (Note 3) was 0.94% and average maturity (Note 4) was 4.6 years as of the end of the fiscal period.

Moreover, JPR established a commitment line with a credit limit of 24 billion yen with six financial institutions.

The following represents the issuer ratings for JPR as of the end of this fiscal period.

#### Details of Corporate Credit Ratings as of June 30, 2018

_	· ····································				
	Credit Rating Agency	Corporate Credit Rating			
	Rating and Investment Information, Inc.	AA- (Stable)			
	S & P Global Ratings Japan Inc.	Long-term: A (Stable)			
		Short-term: A-1			

- (Note 1) Ratio of interest-bearing debts to total assets: (balance of borrowings + balance of investment corporation bonds)/ total assets
- (Note 2) Long-term and fixed interest-bearing debt ratio: long-term, fixed-interest interest-bearing debts / total interest-bearing debts
- (Note 3) Average debt cost: sum total of interest expenses, interest expenses on investment corporation bonds, borrowing expenses (excluding expenses for early repayment of borrowings and for commitment line agreements), amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs and investment corporation bond management expenses, divided by the number of business days for each fiscal period and annualized by multiplying by 365 days / average balance of borrowings and investment corporation bonds for each fiscal period
- (Note 4) Average maturity is arrived at by calculating a weighted average of maturities from the end of the 33rd fiscal period to the repayment deadlines for all interest-bearing debts based on the balance of each interest-bearing debt.

#### (3) Additional Offerings, etc.

The table below indicates additional offerings, etc. JPR has conducted in the last five years.

Date	Event	Number o Outsta		Unitholders (millions	Remarks	
			Balance	Variation		Balance
June 16, 2015	Additional public offering	45,700	870,700	17,472	209,516	(Note 1)
June 24, 2015	Third-party allotment	2,300	873,000	879	210,395	(Note 2)
January 24, 2017	Additional public offering	47,600	920,600	20,237	230,632	(Note 3)
February 14, 2017	Third-party allotment	2,400	923,000	1,020	231,653	(Note 4)

- (Note 1) New investment units were issued through a public offering at 394,875 yen per unit (underwriting price of 382,320 yen per unit) to repay debts, etc.
- (Note 2) New investment units were issued through a third-party allotment at 382,320 yen per unit to repay debts, etc.
- (Note 3) New investment units were issued through a public offering at 439,040 yen per unit (underwriting price of 425,152 yen per unit) to fund acquisition of new specific assets and partly repay debts.
- (Note 4) New investment units were issued through a third-party allotment at 425,152 yen per unit to fund acquisition of new specific assets and partly repay debts.

#### (4) Cash Distributions

With regard to the cash distributions of the 33rd fiscal period, JPR decided to distribute part of the retained earnings brought forward that had been internally reserved through the 32nd fiscal period, with the aim of having the profit distributions deducted as expenses based on adoption of the special provision on taxation of investment corporations (Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation) and in order to minimize the burden to unitholders incurred by accrual of corporate income tax, etc. As a result, the cash distribution per unit came to 7,245 yen for the 33rd fiscal period.

(Thousands of yen unless otherwise indicated)

			(Thousands of yell diffess otherwise finds				
			29th Fiscal	30th Fiscal	31st Fiscal	32nd Fiscal	33rd Fiscal
		Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	
		Fiscal Period	(Jan. 1, 2016 -	(Jul. 1, 2016 -	(Jan. 1, 2017 -	(Jul. 1, 2017 -	(Jan. 1, 2018 -
		Jun. 30, 2016)	Dec. 31, 2016)	Jun. 30, 2017)	Dec. 31, 2017)	Jun. 30, 2018)	
Unappropriated Retained Earnings at End of Period		5,914,654	6,169,462	6,883,962	6,681,774	6,701,131	
- 01	тарргој	orrated Retained Earnings at End of Ferrod	3,914,034	0,109,402	0,883,902	0,081,774	0,701,131
In	ternal F	Reserves	16,666	16,558	226,363	14,945	13,996
То	otal Cas	h Distributions	5,897,988	6,152,904	6,657,599	6,666,829	6,687,135
(C	ash Dis	stribution per Unit)	(6,756 yen)	(7,048 yen)	(7,213 yen)	(7,223 yen)	(7,245 yen)
	_	Total Cash Distributions from Net Income	5,897,988	6,152,904	6,657,599	6,666,829	6,687,135
	Breakdown	(Cash distribution from net income per unit)	(6,756 yen)	(7,048 yen)	(7,213 yen)	(7,223 yen)	(7,245 yen)
		Repayment of Paid-in Capital	_	-	_	-	_
		(Repayment of paid-in capital per unit)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)
		payment of paid-in capital, total cash distributions reserve for temporary difference adjustments	_	_	_	_	_
(Of the repayment of paid-in capital per unit, distribution per unit from the reserve for temporary difference adjustments)  Of the repayment of paid-in capital, total cash distributions							
			(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)
			_	_	_	_	_
through the reduction in unitholders' capital for tax purposes							
(Of the repayment of paid-in capital per unit, distribution per unit through the reduction in unitholders' capital for tax purposes)							
			(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)	(- yen)

#### (5) Future Management Policies and Vital Issues

Looking ahead, the Japanese economy is anticipated to recover moderately, given continued improvements in the employment and income environments and supported by the effects of various policies. However, attention should be paid to the uncertainty in overseas economies and the impacts of fluctuations in the financial and capital markets.

In the office property leasing market, new supply in the 23 wards of Tokyo is expected to increase in 2018 through 2020. However, as leasing of newly-constructed buildings remains strong, the market situation in general is likely to stay in good shape. In this regard, JPR believes it will be able to fully enjoy the positive impact of the good market situation as it has focused on improving tenant satisfaction through proactive implementation of value enhancement works and provision of elaborate management services. When conducting real estate transactions in the for-sale real estate market that continues to appear overheated, it will become even more important to discern the growth potential in earnings of respective properties. Considering the situation in which cap rates are decreasing in a low interest rate environment, it is required to firmly keep the attitude of vigorously selective investment for implementing real estate investment that assumes possession of properties over the medium to long term.

#### 1) Acquisition of New Properties and Asset Replacement

JPR will continue to make investment focused on the Tokyo office properties, with an aim to improve the quality of its portfolio and enhance its growth potential and stability over the long term. Given the briskness in the office property leasing market, the forsale real estate market sees a decrease in purchase cap rate and expected cap rate levels. Moreover, with properties remaining in short supply, there are deals closed at prices that have factored in lower cap rates and rent increases. Accordingly, JPR will fully investigate the growth potential of such properties when acquiring them. As for retail properties as well as office properties in regional cities, JPR will work to invest in strictly selected blue-chip properties that can keep stable revenues at a certain level in order to complement the stability of earnings from the entire portfolio. JPR will strive to acquire new properties under reasonable terms by negotiating prices based on detailed market studies and property due diligence in considering properties.

Furthermore, in consideration of the change in the environments surrounding the office market, including an increase in high-quality medium-sized office properties with favorable location, quality and performance as well as solid demand for such office properties in accordance with the diversification of tenant needs, JPR considers that, while focusing investments as it has done to date on properties with a prescribed floor area or more as core targets, it should lead to continuous growth of JPR and enhanced unitholder value through an increase in acquisition opportunities if JPR also targets properties that fall below its current standard of office properties target property size of "building with a minimum total floor space of approximately 1,000 tsubos as a rule," after taking into account the characteristics, etc. of individual properties. Based on this judgment, amendments were made to the JPR Asset Management Guidelines, an internal rule of the Asset Manager, with regard to the standard size of office properties as of July 1, 2018. With no change in its investment attitude of focusing on quality even after the amendments, JPR will continue its vigorously selective investments going forward.

Moreover, JPR will continue to make investment decisions after a proactive collection of information through such sources as sponsors of the Asset Manager (Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd., Yasuda Real Estate Co., Ltd., Taisei Corporation, Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. and Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company), accurately following market trends and carefully researching investment value, including the future potential of candidate properties.

Furthermore, JPR will also investigate asset replacement in a prudent manner, while taking into consideration the timing of implementation, in order to improve the quality of its portfolio and enhance its growth potential over the long term.

#### 2) Management of Portfolio

JPR will aim to secure stable earnings over a medium to long term by working to prevent move-outs of existing tenants, encourage them to expand office spaces in the same buildings and renew contracts with upward revision of rents through endeavors to enhance tenant satisfaction, while continuously inviting new tenants through strategic leasing activities. Specifically, JPR will conduct management and operations based on the following policies:

- Strengthen coordination with property management companies and respective tenant brokers
- Propose leasing terms and conditions on the assumption of the leasing market showing a recovery trend, and accelerate decision making
- Conduct strategic value enhancement works with intent to improve property earnings and increase tenant satisfaction
- Reinforce promotion of energy efficiency as well as responses to business continuity plans and environmental friendliness that command high social request
- Conduct renovations to enhance energy-saving performance of the properties by utilizing the government's subsidy programs

#### 3) Fund Procurement

In accordance with its basic policy of implementing conservative financial operations that focus on stability, JPR will remain engaged in conservative leverage control, targeting to basically keep the ratio of interest-bearing debts to total assets at up to 50%. In debt financing, JPR will endeavor to further lengthen the maturity with a focus on stability in an effort to diversify the repayment dates and reduce the repayment amount for each fiscal period, with an eye on reducing refinancing risks that may arise in accordance with future changes in the financial environment. Moreover, JPR intends to work on fund procurement through issuance of investment corporation bonds as it aims to diversify fund procurement means and sources.

#### (6) Information Disclosure

Positioning the proactive voluntary disclosure of information as one of its key management policies, JPR voluntarily discloses information believed to be useful to investment decisions, along with the information disclosure required by the Tokyo Stock Exchange and set forth by laws and regulations, etc. As a means for implementing voluntary disclosure, JPR is proactively employing its website (http://www.jpr-reit.co.jp/en/) to provide expanded information including monthly occupancy rates of all properties in the portfolio and historical data, as well as offer information for retail investors and deliver video presentation on financial results sessions for securities analysts.

#### (7) Significant Subsequent Events

# 2. Overview of the Investment Corporation

## (1) Unitholders' Capital

	29th Fiscal Period as of June 30, 2016	30th Fiscal Period as of December 31, 2016	31st Fiscal Period as of June 30, 2017	32nd Fiscal Period as of December 31, 2017	33rd Fiscal Period as of June 30, 2018
Total number of authorized units	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total number of units issued and outstanding	873,000	873,000	923,000	923,000	923,000
Unitholders' capital (millions of yen)	210,395	210,395	231,653	231,653	231,653
Total number of unitholders	11,786	11,177	12,535	12,196	11,647

## (2) Matters Related to Investment Units (Primary Investors)

The following table shows the ten largest investors according to the percentage of their owned investment units to the total number of investment units outstanding as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period.

Name	Address	Number of Owned Units	Percentage of Total Units Outstanding (%)
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1-8-11 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	217,441	23.55
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2-11-3 Hamamatsucho, Minato-ku, Tokyo	113,591	12.30
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Investment Trust Account)	2-2-2 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	37,062	4.01
Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.	1-9-9 Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	29,300	3.17
State Street Bank West Client Treaty 505234 (Standing Proxy: Settlement & Clearing Services Division, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	1776 Heritage Drive, North Quincy, MA 02171, U.S.A. (Shinagawa Intercity Building A, 2-15-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo)	28,881	3.12
Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Securities Investment Trust Account)	Harumi Island Triton Square Office Tower Z, 1-8-12 Harumi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	25,551	2.76
Kawasaki Gakuen	577 Matsushima, Kurashiki-shi, Okayama	25,000	2.70
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	2-1-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	24,000	2.60
Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd.	2-5-2 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	18,298	1.98
State Street Bank West Pension Fund Clients Exempt 505233 (Standing Proxy: Settlement & Clearing Services Division, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	1776 Heritage Drive, North Quincy, MA 02171, U.S.A. (Shinagawa Intercity Building A, 2-15-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo)	13,828	1.49
Total		532,952	57.74

(Note) Percentage of total units outstanding is rounded down to the second decimal place.

## (3) Items Related to Directors

A. The Executive Officer, Supervising Officers and Independent Auditors as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period are as follows.

Position	Name	Other Current Assignments	Total Directors' Fee during the 33rd Fiscal Period (thousands of yen)	Number of Owned Units
Executive Officer	Satoshi Okubo	Director, Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc.	2,400	1
C	Masato Denawa	Partner Attorney, Spring Partners		_
Supervising Officers (Note 1)	Nobuhisa Kusanagi	Group Representative Partner of GYOSEI Certified Public Tax & Accountants' Co.	4,200	-
Independent Auditor (Note 2)	EY ShinNihon LLC	-	16,200	=

(Note 1) Supervising officers may be directors of corporations other than those indicated above, but have no conflict of interest with JPR at those and the above positions.

(Note 2) The independent auditor fees include fees regarding auditing of JPR's English financial statements and fees regarding preparation of comfort letters for issuance of investment corporation bonds. Furthermore, Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC changed its legal name to EY ShinNihon LLC effective on 1 July 2018.

## B. Policy on Dismissing and Deciding Not to Reappoint the Independent Auditor

The dismissal of independent auditors shall be considered in accordance with the designations of the Investment Trusts Act. The decision to not reappoint the auditor shall be studied at JPR's Board of Directors Meetings following comprehensive consideration of circumstances including audit quality, audit fee and other various conditions.

## (4) Asset Manager, Asset Custodian and Administrative Agent

The asset manager, asset custodian and administrative agents of JPR at the end of the 33rd fiscal period are as follows.

Outsourcing Category	Name
Asset manager	Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc.
Asset custodian	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Administrative agent (administration, etc. concerning unitholders' list, etc.)	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Administrative agent (administration concerning investment corporation bonds)	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

# 3. Status of JPR's Assets Under Management

## (1) JPR's Asset Structure

A const Trans		32nd Fisca (as of Decemb		33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)		
Asset Type	Area	Assets owned by JPR (thousands of yen)	Percentage of total assets (%)	Assets owned by JPR (thousands of yen)	Percentage of total assets (%)	
	Central Tokyo	86,628,083	19.4	86,485,677	19.4	
Real estate	Greater Tokyo	56,833,457	12.7	56,571,627	12.7	
	Other Cities	20,547,431	4.6	20,394,211	4.6	
	Central Tokyo	156,567,864	35.1	156,212,234	35.0	
Real estate in trust	Greater Tokyo	50,510,178	11.3	50,374,846	11.3	
	Other Cities	41,499,218	9.3	41,756,365	9.4	
Deposits and other		33,901,281	7.6	34,502,815	7.7	
assets	_	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Total assets		446,487,515	100.0	446,297,778	100.0	
	_	(412,586,234)	(92.4)	(411,794,962)	(92.3)	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Assets owned by JPR are based on the amounts appropriated on the balance sheets as of the end of the fiscal periods (book values after depreciation for real estate and real estate in trust).

## (2) Major Assets Owned by JPR

The following is an overview of the major assets (ten largest properties by book value at end of period) owned by JPR as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period.

Property Name	Book Value (thousands of yen)	Leasable Floor Space (m²)	Leased Floor Space (m²)	Occupancy Rate (%)	Rate of Monthly Contracted Rent at End of Period (%)	Asset Class
Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest)	38,388,259	11,034.78	11,034.78	100.0	11.1	Office
Olinas Tower	27,378,524	23,987.40	23,652.51	98.6	6.6	Office
Shinjuku Center Bldg.	22,152,186	8,863.98	8,623.81	97.3	3.4	Office
Tokyo Square Garden	18,620,684	5,971.73	5,545.07	92.9	2.6	Office
BYGS Shinjuku Bldg.	15,426,840	15,227.80	15,145.81	99.5	3.8	Office
JPR Sendagaya Bldg.	14,861,467	6,177.74	6,177.74	100.0	1.9	Office
Kanematsu Bldg.	14,602,661	7,994.02	7,994.02	100.0	2.5	Office
Kawasaki Dice Bldg.	13,325,629	12,116.35	10,523.54	86.9	2.4	Retail
Shinjuku Square Tower	13,319,145	19,266.38	19,266.38	100.0	2.8	Office
JPR Umeda Loft Bldg.	12,394,839	18,586.97	18,586.97	100.0	2.3	Retail
Total	190,470,237	129,227.15	126,550.63	97.9	39.4	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Rate of monthly contracted rent at end of period is the rate arrived at by dividing the monthly contracted rent at end of period for each property by the total rents for all properties.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Figures in parenthesis are portions that practically fall on real estate owned in the object assets.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) The tenants of Shinjuku Center Bldg., Tokyo Square Garden, Kawasaki Dice Bldg. and Shinjuku Square Tower have sublet space to a sub-lessee and a lease agreement has been executed where the rent paid by the tenant fluctuates in accordance with the lease conditions of the sub-lessee. Therefore, the leasable floor space, leased floor space and occupancy rate entered for each of these buildings are the figures concerning the sub-lessees of the tenant.

# (3) Itemized Portfolio Assets

The following table provides an overview of the real estate properties and beneficiary interests in real estate owned by JPR as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period (June 30, 2018).

Area	Туре	Property Name	Location	Form of Ownership	Book Value as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Appraisal Value as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen) (Note)
		Kanematsu Bldg.	14-1 Kyobashi 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	14,602,661	13,900,000
		Kanematsu Bldg. Annex	17-5 Kyobashi 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,428,232	2,520,000
		JPR Ningyo-cho Bldg.	17-4 Nihonbashi Ningyocho 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	1,947,294	2,490,000
		Shin-Kojimachi Bldg.	3-3 Kojimachi 4-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,443,264	3,580,000
		JPR Crest Takebashi Bldg.	21-4, etc., Kanda-Nishikicho 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	3,250,595	3,360,000
		MS Shibaura Bldg.	13-23 Shibaura 4-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	10,951,462	12,300,000
		Gotanda First Bldg.	8-1 Nishi-Gotanda 2-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,935,485	2,810,000
		JPR Ichigaya Bldg.	7-15 Kudan-Minami 4-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	5,192,366	5,230,000
		Oval Court Ohsaki Mark West	17-1 Higashi-Gotanda 2-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,828,810	4,940,000
		Shinjuku Square Tower	22-1 Nishi-Shinjuku 6-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	13,319,145	14,800,000
		BYGS Shinjuku Bldg.	19-1 Shinjuku 2-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	15,426,840	19,000,000
	Office	Across Shinkawa Bldg. Annex	16-14 Shinkawa 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	594,550	891,000
	JJO	Shinjuku Center Bldg.	25-1 Nishi-Shinjuku 1-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	22,152,186	15,800,000
ò		Minami Azabu Bldg.	12-3 Minami-Azabu 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	3,826,761	2,930,000
Tok		Shinagawa Canal Bldg.	12-33 Konan 2-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	1,727,181	1,870,000
Central Tokyo		Rokubancho Bldg.	2-9, etc., Rokubancho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	2,831,925	3,440,000
Ce		JPR Harajuku Bldg.	17-11 Jingumae 6-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	8,686,303	9,670,000
		Tokyo Tatemono Kyobashi Bldg.	6-18 Kyobashi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	5,298,585	5,720,000
		JPR Nihonbashi-horidome Bldg.	11-12 Nihonbashi-Horidomecho 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	4,721,971	6,830,000
		JPR Sendagaya Bldg.	23-5 Sendagaya 4-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	14,861,467	12,000,000
		Ginza Sanwa Bldg.	6-1 Ginza 4-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	3,707,721	4,080,000
		Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold Interest)	6-6, etc., Otemachi 1-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	38,388,259	48,300,000
		Science Plaza-Yonbancho Plaza	9-6, etc., Yonbancho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,717,183	3,380,000
		Shibadaimon Center Bldg.	10-11 Shibadaimon 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	4,171,674	6,660,000
		Tokyo Square Garden	1-1 Kyobashi 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	18,620,684	20,600,000
		JPR Shibuya Tower Records Bldg.	22-14 Jinnan 1-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	11,492,944	14,500,000
		JPR Jingumae 432	32-13 Jingumae 4-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	4,280,449	4,110,000
		Shinjuku Sanchome East Bldg.	1-26, Shinjuku 3-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	2,607,009	2,910,000
	Retail	Yurakucho Ekimae Bldg. (Yurakucho Itocia)	7-1 Yurakucho 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	3,309,140	3,240,000
		JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg.	5-14 Ginza 5-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	10,142,307	11,300,000
		FUNDES Suidobashi	20-8 Kanda Misakicho 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	3,233,444	3,640,000
		Arca East	2-1 Kinshi 3-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	4,268,746	6,420,000
		JPR Chiba Bldg.	1-7, etc., Shinmachi, Chuo-ku, Chiba, Chiba	Beneficiary interest	2,220,979	1,780,000
		JPR Yokohama Nihon Odori Bldg.	17 Nihon-Odori, Naka-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Beneficiary interest	2,461,563	2,340,000
0,		Shinyokohama 2nd Center Bldg.	19-5, etc., Shinyokohama 3-chome, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Beneficiary interest	1,410,379	1,810,000
Greater Tokyo	Office	Kawaguchi Center Bldg.	1-8 Honcho 4-chome, Kawaguchi, Saitama	Beneficiary interest	7,106,230	9,590,000
reate	Jo	JPR Ueno East Bldg.	3-5 Matsugaya 1-chome, Taito-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	2,948,721	4,850,000
G		Tachikawa Business Center Bldg.	38-5 Akebonocho 2-chome, Tachikawa, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	2,864,441	3,940,000
		Rise Arena Bldg.	5-2 Higashi-Ikebukuro 4-chome, Toshima-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	5,258,414	8,630,000
		Yume-ooka Office Tower	6-1 Kamiooka Nishi 1-chome, Konan-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Real estate	5,405,893	6,510,000
		Olinas Tower	1-3 Taihei 4-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo	Real estate	27,378,524	37,500,000

Area	Туре	Property Name	Location	Form of Ownership	Book Value as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Appraisal Value as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen) (Note)
	Office	Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.	5-10 Kitasaiwai 1-chome, Nishi-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa	Real estate	6,877,441	8,500,000
	Off	Omiya Prime East	1-1, etc., Shimocho 2-chome, Omiya-ku, Saitama, Saitama	Beneficiary interest	5,787,694	8,610,000
kyo		Tanashi ASTA	1-1 Tanashicho 2-chome, Nishitokyo, Tokyo	Beneficiary interest	7,265,876	12,500,000
Greater Tokyo		Cupo-la Main Bldg.	1-1 Kawaguchi 1-chome, Kawaguchi, Saitama	Real estate	1,695,875	2,800,000
Grea	Retail	JPR Musashikosugi Bldg.	420-1,etc., Kosugimachi 3-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Real estate	7,006,756	5,690,000
		Musashiurawa Shopping Square	3-1 Bessho 7-come, Saitama, Saitama	Beneficiary interest	3,663,306	4,350,000
		Kawasaki Dice Bldg.	8-3, etc., Ekimae-Honcho, Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Beneficiary interest	13,325,629	16,200,000
		Niigata Ekinan Center Bldg.	24 Yoneyama 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Niigata, Niigata	Beneficiary interest	1,614,293	2,230,000
		Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.	4-8 Honmachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Beneficiary interest	4,261,636	3,490,000
		JPR Hakata Bldg.	4-4 Hakataeki-mae 1-chome, Hakata-ku, Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Beneficiary interest	2,948,967	3,470,000
		JPR Naha Bldg.	1-19 Matsuyama 1-chome, Naha, Okinawa	Beneficiary interest	1,362,234	1,860,000
		Sompo Japan Sendai Bldg.	7-35 Tsutsujigaoka 3-chome, Miyagino-ku, Sendai, Miyagi	Beneficiary interest	2,426,680	4,040,000
	Office	Sompo Japan Wakayama Bldg.	31-1, etc., Misonocho 3-chome, Wakayama, Wakayama	Beneficiary interest	1,313,456	1,620,000
Cities		Tenjin 121 Bldg.	3-38 Tenjin 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Beneficiary interest	2,064,586	3,030,000
Other Cities		JPR Dojima Bldg.	1-23 Sonezaki-Shinchi 2-chome, Kita-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Beneficiary interest	2,168,305	3,100,000
O		JPR Nagoya Fushimi Bldg.	24-15 Sakae 1-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya, Aichi	Real estate	3,870,602	2,960,000
		Yakuin Business Garden	1-1 Yakuin 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Fukuoka, Fukuoka	Real estate	10,403,077	16,600,000
		JPR Shinsaibashi Bldg.	2-11 Minami-Senba 4-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Beneficiary interest	5,159,726	4,490,000
		JPR Umeda Loft Bldg.	16-7 Chayamachi, Kita-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Beneficiary interest	12,394,839	14,100,000
	Retail	Housing Design Center Kobe	2-2 Higashi-Kawasakicho 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Kobe, Hyogo	Real estate	6,120,531	7,280,000
		JPR Chayamachi Bldg.	2-19 Chayamachi, Kita-ku, Osaka, Osaka	Beneficiary interest	6,041,637	7,200,000
	TI	Total			411,794,962	484,291,000

(Note) The appraisal values at end of period are either appraisal values or survey values by real estate appraisers, based on the Cabinet Office Order on "Regulations on calculations of investment corporations."

The following table provides changes in rental business results for each of JPR's real estate properties and beneficiary interests in real estate.

real e	estate.			32nd Fiscal Period				33rd Fiscal Period		
			(from		cal Period 7 to Dec. 31, 2	017)	(free		al Period 3 to Jun. 30, 2	018)
			(11011)	. oui. 1, 201	Rental		(1101	van. 1, 2010	Rental	
Area	Туре	Property Name	Number of	Occupancy	Revenues	Ratio to Total	Number	Occupancy	Revenues	Ratio to Total
THE	Турс	rioperty Name	Tenants at	Rate at	throughout	Rental	of Tenants	Rate at Period End	throughout	Rental
			Period End	Period End (%)	Period (thousands	Revenues	at Period End	(%)	Period (thousands	Revenues
				(/-/	of yen)	(%)		(/*/	of yen)	(%)
		Kanematsu Bldg.	10	100.0	383,090	2.5	10	100.0	383,896	2.5
		Kanematsu Bldg. Annex	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
		JPR Ningyo-cho Bldg.	4	100.0	92,439	0.6	4	100.0	93,240	0.6
		Shin-Kojimachi Bldg.	17	100.0	108,215	0.7	17	100.0	110,589 108,088	0.7
		JPR Crest Takebashi Bldg. MS Shibaura Bldg.	10	100.0	108,546 438,531	2.9	10	100.0 100.0	440,719	2.9
		Gotanda First Bldg.	4	100.0	146,182	1.0	3	100.0	131,046	0.9
yo		JPR Ichigaya Bldg.	10	100.0	161,232	1.1	10	100.0	145,071	1.0
Central Tokyo	ခ	Oval Court Ohsaki Mark West	2	100.0	185,831	1.2	2	100.0	189,747	1.2
tral	Office	Shinjuku Square Tower	25	99.9	374,986	2.5	25	100.0	383,007	2.5
Cen		BYGS Shinjuku Bldg.	25	99.5	585,375	3.9	24	99.5	591,315	3.9
J		Across Shinkawa Bldg. Annex	4	100.0	37,092	0.2	4	100.0	37,046	0.2
		Shinjuku Center Bldg.	32	96.4	494,208	3.3	33	97.3	501,809	3.3
		Minami Azabu Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
		Shinagawa Canal Bldg.	5	100.0	63,247	0.4	5	100.0	60,008	0.4
		Rokubancho Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
		JPR Harajuku Bldg.	9	100.0	252,577	1.7	9	100.0 100.0	256,247 209,400	1.7
		Tokyo Tatemono Kyobashi Bldg.  JPR Nihonbashi-horidome Bldg.	6	100.0	209,130 172,781	1.4	5	100.0	186,925	1.4
		JPR Sendagaya Bldg.	6	100.0	277,671	1.8	6	100.0	279,205	1.8
		Ginza Sanwa Bldg.	9	100.0	119,746	0.8	9	100.0	119,621	0.8
	Office	Otemachi Tower (Land with Leasehold	2	100.0	1,580,499	10.4	2	100.0	1,630,000	10.7
9,	0	Interest) Science Plaza-Yonbancho Plaza	25	100.0	116,241	0.8	23	96.6	117,626	0.8
Oks		Shibadaimon Center Bldg.	9	100.0	181,937	1.2	9	100.0	184,079	1.2
Central Tokyo		Tokyo Square Garden	57	100.0	384,049	2.5	49	92.9	393,655	2.6
entı		JPR Shibuya Tower Records Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
O		JPR Jingumae 432 Shinjuku Sanchome East Bldg.	6	86.6 100.0	82,570 (Note 2)	0.5 (Note 2)	7	100.0 100.0	79,967 (Note 2)	(Note 2)
	Retail	Yurakucho Ekimae Bldg.			ì		1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
	%	(Yurakucho Itocia)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)		100.0	(11010 2)	(11010 2)
		JPR Ginza Namiki-dori Bldg.	8	91.3	214,026	1.4	9	100.0	199,112	1.3
		FUNDES Suidobashi	6	100.0	96,156	0.6	6	100.0	94,604	0.6
		Arca East  JPR Chiba Bldg.	39	93.1 98.2	254,146 133,117	0.9	39	100.0 96.9	254,552 136,127	0.9
		JPR Yokohama Nihon Odori Bldg.	16	100.0	127,381	0.8	17	93.9	140,946	0.9
		Shinyokohama 2nd Center Bldg.	22	100.0	104,203	0.7	22	100.0	104,935	0.7
	၂	Kawaguchi Center Bldg.	44	96.2	419,738	2.8	45	100.0	423,596	2.8
0	Office	JPR Ueno East Bldg. Tachikawa Business Center Bldg.	9 20	100.0 100.0	181,432 150,309	1.2	10 19	100.0 80.9	143,708 159,825	0.9
Greater Tokyo	0	Rise Arena Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	19	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
r T		Yume-ooka Office Tower	38	98.9	327,759	2.2	39	100.0	334,971	2.2
eate		Olinas Tower	15	100.0	1,017,519	6.7	16	98.6	952,098	6.3
5		Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.	14	100.0	299,221	2.0	18	95.4	286,434	1.9
		Omiya Prime East Tanashi ASTA	1	100.0 100.0	266,825 (Note 2)	1.8 (Note 2)	4	100.0 100.0	271,222 (Note 2)	(Note 2)
		Cupo-la Main Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
	Retail	JPR Musashikosugi Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
	~	Musashiurawa Shopping Square	3	100.0	126,996	0.8	3	100.0	127,048	0.8
		Kawasaki Dice Bldg.	29	100.0	501,007	3.3	28	86.9	502,477	3.3
		Niigata Ekinan Center Bldg.  Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.	9	98.5 60.7	120,096 105,260	0.8	9	98.5 90.2	125,109 114,854	0.8
		JPR Hakata Bldg.	44	100.0	154,043	1.0	44	100.0	155,526	1.0
		JPR Naha Bldg.	19	100.0	100,975	0.7	19	100.0	99,954	0.7
70	es	Sompo Japan Sendai Bldg.	15	100.0	188,036	1.2	15	100.0	187,852	1.2
itie	ОЩсе	Sompo Japan Wakayama Bldg.	14	96.6	107,460	0.7	14	96.6	106,812	0.7
Other Cities		Tenjin 121 Bldg.  JPR Dojima Bldg.	12	100.0	105,690 107,438	0.7	16 12	100.0 96.4	107,216 143,593	0.7
Othe		JPR Nagoya Fushimi Bldg.	4	99.5	139,873	0.9	4	99.5	145,214	1.0
J		Yakuin Business Garden	17	99.3	470,407	3.1	17	99.9	501,900	3.3
		JPR Shinsaibashi Bldg.	7	54.5	71,126	0.5	9	96.8	73,706	0.5
	Retail	JPR Umeda Loft Bldg.	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	1	100.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
	Ret	Housing Design Center Kobe  JPR Chayamachi Bldg.	5	100.0 100.0	(Note 2) 170,781	(Note 2)	5	100.0 100.0	(Note 2) 164,422	(Note 2)
		Total	745	98.5	15,141,927	100.0	747	98.8	15,204,965	100.0

- (Note 1) The number of tenants at end of period is counted as follows except for Shinjuku Square Tower, Shinjuku Center Bldg., the residential section of Science Plaza-Yonbancho Plaza, Tokyo Square Garden, Rise Arena Bldg. and Kawasaki Dice Bldg.: when a single tenant leases multiple rooms, it is counted as one if the tenant uses the same property. If the leased rooms are in multiple buildings, the tenant is counted in plural.

  The tenants of Shinjuku Square Tower, Shinjuku Center Bldg., the residential section of Science Plaza-Yonbancho Plaza, Tokyo Square Garden, Rise Arena Bldg. and Kawasaki Dice Bldg. have sublet space to sublessees and lease agreements have been executed where the rent paid by the tenants fluctuates in accordance with
- (Note 2) JPR does not disclose the rental revenues of the properties throughout the period and their ratio to total rental revenues due to inevitable reasons, as no consent to disclosure has been obtained from the tenants or co-owners.

the lease conditions of the sublessees and thus the numbers of sublessees have been entered as the numbers of tenants.

## (4) Status of Other Assets

Beneficiary interests with real estate as major entrusted properties have been included in (3) Itemized Portfolio Assets above. There were no additional major assets that are main investment targets of JPR other than those listed under (3) above as of the end of the 33rd fiscal period.

# 4. Capital Expenditures of Owned Real Estate

## (1) Planned Capital Expenditures

The following are major items of capital expenditures for currently planned renovations, etc. for JPR-owned real estate and entrusted real estate regarding beneficiary interests in real estate. Furthermore, the planned construction expenses include portions that are classified as expenses in accounting.

				Planned (millions of yen)		
Property Name	Location	Purpose	Schedule	Total Value	Payment during the 33rd Fiscal Period	Amount Already Paid
Kawaguchi Center Bldg.	Kawaguchi City, Saitama	3rd through 6th phases of replacement of air conditioning units	Apr. 2018~Mar. 2020	477	_	_
Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.	Yokohama City, Kanagawa	1st through 2nd phases of renovation of common-use areas	Aug. 2018~May 2019	274	-	_
JPR Umeda Loft Bldg.	Osaka City, Osaka	1st through 3rd phases of replacement of escalators	Jun. 2018~Dec. 2019	138	-	_
JPR Ichigaya Bldg.	Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo	Replacement to individually-controlled air conditioning units on the 8th floor	Jul. 2018~Dec. 2018	61	-	_
Tokyo Tatemono Yokohama Bldg.	Yokohama City, Kanagawa	Reinforcement of elevators	Jul. 2018~Dec. 2018	60	_	-

## (2) Capital Expenditures during the 33rd Fiscal Period

The following are the capital expenditure amounts JPR invested in real estate and entrusted real estate during the 33rd fiscal period. Among major capital expenditures, JPR conducted replacement of air conditioning units to maintain and enhance tenant satisfaction, as well as renovation of common-use areas and installation of office automation floors for leased offices with the aim of attracting new tenants. In addition, aside from these constructions, JPR conducted construction of 484 million yen (Note), which was appropriated as expenditures for repair and maintenance.

Property Name	Location	Purpose	Period	Construction Expenses (millions of yen)
Kawaguchi Center Bldg.	Kawaguchi City, Saitama	2nd phase of replacement of air conditioning units	Jan. 2018~Mar. 2018	211
Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.	Osaka City, Osaka	Renovation work on 6th through 7th floors	Feb. 2018~May 2018	141
Tokyo Tatemono Honmachi Bldg.	Osaka City, Osaka	Replacement of individually- controlled air conditioning units on 4th through 9th floors	Apr. 2018~May 2018	95
JPR Shinsaibashi Bldg.	Osaka City, Osaka	Renovation work on 1st basement floor and 1st through 3rd floors	Dec. 2017~May 2018	95
Olinas Tower	Sumida Ward, Tokyo	3rd phase of replacement of lighting equipment with LED lamps on 6th through 9th floors	Jan. 2018~Feb. 2018	61
JPR Naha Bldg.	Naha City, Okinawa	Replacement of power receiving and transforming facilities	Replacement of power receiving and transforming facilities  Jan. 2018~Jan. 2018	
Other Properties		Repair of common areas, installation of replacement of air conditioning units, et	491	
		Total		1,146

(Note) Expenditures for repair and maintenance included 11 million yen of construction management fees paid to construction management companies as well as the amounts for repair and maintenance constructions themselves.

## (3) Amounts Reserved for Long-Term Repairs and Maintenance Plans

JPR has deposited the following amounts from the redundant cash flow (including one accompanying internal reserve of profits) such as depreciation in order to conduct large-scale repairs and maintenance work, based on medium- to long-term repairs and maintenance plans for individual properties.

					(Millions of yen)
Operation Period	29th Fiscal Period (Jan. 1, 2016 - Jun. 30, 2016)	30th Fiscal Period (Jul. 1, 2016 - Dec. 31, 2016)	31st Fiscal Period (Jan. 1, 2017 - Jun. 30, 2017)	32nd Fiscal Period (Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)
Balance of deposits at beginning of current period	940	936	931	1,075	1,178
Deposits during the period	494	393	479	422	821
Amounts used from deposits during the period	498	398	335	319	784
Deposits carried forward to the next period	936	931	1,075	1,178	1,215

# 5. Expenses and Liabilities

# (1) Details of Expenses Related to Management

(Thousands of yen)

Item	32nd Fiscal Period (Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)
(a) Asset Management Fees	548,466	553,336
Fixed compensation	75,000	75,000
Incentive-based compensation 1	267,233	271,473
Incentive-based compensation 2	206,232	206,862
(b) Administrative Service and Custodian Fees	80,729	79,939
(c) Directors' Fee	6,600	6,600
(d) Trust Fees	25,511	25,908
(e) Other Expenses	100,474	89,047
Total	761,782	754,831

# (2) Status of Loans Payable

As of June 30, 2018 JPR has the following loans payable.

Category	Lender	Drawdown Date	Balance as of Jan. 1, 2018 (millions of yen)	Balance as of Jun. 30, 2018 (millions of yen)	Interest Rate (%) (Note 1) (Note 2)	Repayment Date	Repayment Method	Use	Remarks	
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Dec. 5, 2012	2,000	2,000	1.027	Dec. 5, 2019				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Nov. 27, 2013	3,000	3,000	0.970	Nov. 27, 2020				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Jun. 27, 2014	5,000	5,000	1.178	Jun. 27, 2023				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Mar. 11, 2015	2,000	2,000	1.011	Mar. 11, 2024				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Mar. 24, 2015	2,000	2,000	1.056	Mar. 24, 2025				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Feb. 4, 2016	5,000	5,000	0.804	Feb. 4, 2026				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Mar. 30, 2017	3,000	3,000	0.351	Mar. 30, 2021				
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Mar. 30, 2017	4,000	4,000	0.400	Mar. 30, 2022			Unsecured/ Unguaranteed	
	Mizuho Bank Ltd.	Nov. 21, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.795	Nov. 19, 2027				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Aug. 8, 2012	1,000	1,000	1.178	Aug. 8, 2019		(Note 3)		
	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Dec. 5, 2012	1,000	1,000	1.027	Dec. 5, 2019				
	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Nov. 27, 2013	3,000	3,000	0.970	Nov. 27, 2020	Principal lump			
<u>e</u>	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Jun. 27, 2014	4,000	4,000	0.889	Jun. 25, 2021	sum repayment on maturity			
yab	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	Aug. 31, 2015	1,000	1,000	0.873	Aug. 31, 2023				
s Pa	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Mar. 25, 2016	5,000	5,000	0.510	Mar. 25, 2024	4			
oan	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	Dec. 15, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.633	Dec. 13, 2024				
m.	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Aug. 8, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.638	Aug. 8, 2025				
Long-Term Loans Payable	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	Aug. 29, 2017	5,000	5,000	0.600	Aug. 29, 2025				
guo	MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 6)	Sep. 5, 2017	3,000	3,000	0.593	Sep. 5, 2025				
1	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Dec. 5, 2012	1,000	1,000	1.027	Dec. 5, 2019				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Jun. 27, 2013	3,000	3,000	1.265	Jun. 26, 2020				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Jun. 27, 2014	2,500	2,500	1.033	Jun. 27, 2022				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Mar. 30, 2017	2,000	2,000	0.351	Mar. 30, 2021				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Mar. 30, 2017	4,000	4,000	0.400	Mar. 30, 2022				
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Jun. 26, 2009	2,300	2,200	3.190	Jun. 27, 2019	(Note 4)			
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Jun. 27, 2013	820	820	1.449	Jun. 25, 2021				
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Dec. 5, 2013	2,000	2,000	1.188	Dec. 3, 2021				
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Mar. 24, 2015	2,000	2,000	1.056	Mar. 24, 2025	Principal lump			
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Dec. 15, 2016	3,000	3,000	0.843	Jun. 14,2027	sum repayment			
	Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	Nov. 21, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.795	Nov. 19, 2027	on maturity			
	Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	Apr. 5, 2012	5,000	5,000	1.397	Apr. 5, 2019				
	Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	Sep. 24, 2013	2,000	2,000	1.076	Sep. 24, 2020				

Category	Lender	Drawdown Date	Balance as of Jan. 1, 2018 (millions of yen)	Balance as of Jun. 30, 2018 (millions of yen)	Interest Rate (%) (Note 1) (Note 2)	Repayment Date	Repayment Method	Use	Remarks
	Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	Dec. 5, 2014	2,000	2,000	1.134	Dec. 5, 2024			
	Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	Dec. 15, 2016	1,000	1,000	0.843	Jun. 14,2027			
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Aug. 8, 2012	2,000	2,000	1.178	Aug. 8, 2019			
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Aug. 30, 2012	2,000	2,000	1.146	Aug. 30, 2018			
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Sep. 30, 2013	1,000	1,000	1.069	Sep. 24, 2020			
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Jul. 3, 2017	900	900	0.625	Jul. 3, 2025			
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Aug. 25, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.534	Aug. 23, 2024	Principal lump		
	Aozora Bank Ltd.	Aug. 25, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.574	Feb. 25, 2025	sum repayment		
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	Feb. 4, 2013	3,000	3,000	1.076	Feb. 4, 2020	on maturity		
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	Mar. 30, 2017	4,000	4,000	0.309	Mar. 30, 2020			
	Shinkin Central Bank	Dec. 5, 2013	3,000	3,000	0.689	Dec. 5, 2018			
	Shinkin Central Bank	Dec. 15, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.388	Dec. 14,2021			
	The Bank of Fukuoka	Sep. 24, 2013	1,000	1,000	0.911	Sep. 24, 2019			
	The Bank of Fukuoka	Oct. 9, 2015	2,000	2,000	0.816	Oct. 6, 2023			
	The Bank of Fukuoka	Jul. 7, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.480	Jul. 7,2026			
	Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	Jun. 21, 2011	3,208	-	1.800	Jun. 21,2018	(Note 5)		
	Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	Feb. 5, 2015	1,000	1,000	1.042	Feb. 5, 2025			
	Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	Jun. 21, 2018	-	3,200	0.813	Jun. 21, 2028			
	The Shinkumi Federation Bank	Feb. 4, 2013	3,000	-	0.786	Feb. 5, 2018			
	The Shinkumi Federation Bank	Feb. 5, 2018	_	4,000	0.404	Aug. 5, 2022			
	The Nishi-Nippon City Bank, Ltd.	May 27, 2016	3,000	3,000	0.646	May 27, 2026			Unsecured/ Unguaranteed
ıble	The Nishi-Nippon City Bank, Ltd.	Dec. 15, 2016	1,000	1,000	0.388	Dec. 14,2021			
Paya	Taiyo Life Insurance Company	Jun. 4, 2013	1,000	-	0.949	Jun. 4, 2018	7		
Long-Term Loans Payable	Taiyo Life Insurance Company	Dec. 27, 2013	1,000	1,000	1.011	Dec. 25, 2020		(A) (A)	
Log	Taiyo Life Insurance Company	Sep. 24, 2015	1,000	1,000	0.969	Sep. 24, 2024		(Note 3)	
erm	Taiyo Life Insurance Company	Jun. 4, 2018	-	1,000	0.811	Jun. 5, 2028			
T-gr	Chugoku Bank	Sep. 24, 2013	1,000	1,000	0.758	Sep. 25, 2018			
Loı	Chugoku Bank	Oct. 9, 2015	2,000	2,000	0.816	Oct. 6, 2023			
	The Norinchukin Bank	Dec. 15, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.388	Dec. 14, 2021			
	The Norinchukin Bank	Dec. 5, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.604	Jun. 5, 2025			
	ORIX Bank Corporation	Feb. 4, 2013	1,000	_	0.786	Feb. 5, 2018			
	ORIX Bank Corporation	Nov. 27, 2013	2,000	2,000	0.762	May 27, 2019	Principal lump		
	Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	Oct. 11, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.453	Oct. 11, 2024	sum repayment on maturity		
	National Mutual Insurance Federation of Agricultural Cooperatives	Dec. 15, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.388	Dec. 14, 2021			
	Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.	Dec. 25, 2015	2,000	2,000	0.759	Dec. 25, 2023			
	The Hachijuni Bank	Oct. 9, 2015	1,000	1,000	0.489	Oct. 9, 2020			
	The Hachijuni Bank	Sep. 26, 2016	1,000	1,000	0.209	Sep. 24,2021			
	Resona Bank, Ltd.	Mar. 30, 2017	2,000	2,000	0.438	Sep. 30, 2022			
	The Iyo Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 9, 2015	1,000	1,000	0.816	Oct. 6, 2023			
	NTT Finance Corporation	May 31, 2018	_	1,000	0.408	May 31, 2023			
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	May 31, 2018	-	1,000	0.408	May 31, 2023			
	The Daishi Bank, Ltd.	Nov. 21, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.396	Nov. 21, 2022			
	Daido Life Insurance Company	Dec. 27, 2013	1,000	1,000	0.710	Dec. 27, 2018			
	Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Dec. 27, 2013	1,000	1,000	0.710	Dec. 27, 2018			
	The Hiroshima Bank, Ltd.	Nov. 21, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.396	Nov. 21, 2022			
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Limited	Mar. 25, 2016	1,000	1,000	0.691	Mar. 25, 2026			
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	Nov. 21, 2017	1,000	1,000	0.795	Nov. 19, 2027			
	Total		151,728	153,620					

The interest rates are rounded to the third decimal place. Furthermore, fees related to loan arrangement paid to the above lenders are not included. (Note 1)

<sup>(</sup>Note 2)

Long-term loans payable are fixed-rate loans payable.

Funds are used for purchasing real estate or real estate beneficiary interests in trust (including accompanying expenses), repaying loans payable and redemption of (Note 3)

 <sup>(</sup>Note 3) Funds are used for purchasing real estate or real estate beneficiary interests in trust (including accompanying expenses), repaying roans payable and recemptor of investment corporation bonds.
 (Note 4) The loans payable are subject to repayment of 100 million yen on December 27, 2009 and thereafter on the 27th day of every 6 months. In addition, repayment of 2,100 million yen will be made on maturity date June 27, 2019.
 (Note 5) The loans payable are subject to repayment of 66 million yen on June 27, 2012 and thereafter on the 27th day of every 6 months. In addition, repayment of 3,208 million yen will be made on maturity date June 21, 2018.
 (Note 6) The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. changed its name to MUFG Bank, Ltd. as of April 1, 2018.
 (Note 7) The lending operations for domestic corporations of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation were transferred to MUFG Bank, Ltd. as of April 1, 2018). In accordance with this, MUFG Bank, Ltd. succeeded the position as lender from Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation.

# (3) Investment Corporation Bonds

Details of JPR's investment corpo8ration bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018 are as follows.

Name	Issue Date	Balance as of Jan. 1, 2018 (millions of yen)	Balance as of Jun. 30, 2018 (millions of yen)	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Redemption Method	Use	Remarks	
Seventh Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Dec. 14, 2006	4,500	4,500	2.900	Dec. 14, 2026				
Fourteenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Oct. 25, 2011	2,000	2,000	1.340	Oct. 25, 2018				
Sixteenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Nov. 22, 2012	2,000	2,000	1.030	Nov. 22, 2019				
Seventeenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	May 31, 2013	5,000	_	0.650	May 31, 2018	Bullet			
Eighteenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	May 31, 2013	2,000	2,000	1.460	May 31, 2023		(Note 1)	(Note 2)	
Nineteenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Feb. 5, 2014	5,000	5,000	1.110	Feb. 5, 2024	repayment			
Twentieth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Jul. 22, 2014	2,000	2,000	0.303	Jul. 22, 2019				
Twenty-first Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Jul. 22, 2014	4,000	4,000	1.278	Jul. 22, 2026	_			
Twenty-second Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	Dec. 4, 2014	3,000	3,000	0.831	Dec. 4, 2024				
Twenty-third Series of Investment Corporation Bonds	May 31, 2018	_	3,000	0.550	May 31, 2028				
Total		29,500	27,500						

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Funds are used for purchasing real estate or real estate beneficiary interests in trust (including accompanying expenses), repaying loans payable and redemption of investment corporation bonds.

# (4) Subscription Rights to Shares

Not applicable

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) These investment corporation bonds are equipped with the same rank rider limited among certain investment corporation bonds.

# 6. Acquisitions and Sales during the 33rd Fiscal Period

## (1) Acquisition and Sale of Real Estate and Asset-Backed Securities, etc.

Not applicable

## (2) Acquisition and Sale of Other Assets

JPR made no acquisition or sale of other assets in the 33rd fiscal period.

## (3) Survey on Values of Specified Assets, etc.

Not applicable

## (4) Transactions with Interested Parties and Major Shareholders

#### 1) Transaction Status

No transaction of special assets or other deals with interested parties and major shareholders were conducted during the 33rd fiscal period.

### 2) Value of Fee Expenses

(Thousands of yen)

Category	Total Paid Fees (A)	Shareholders			
	. ,	Paid Party	Paid Amount (B)	(B/A))	
Management Fees (Note 2)	316,182	Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.	267,499	84.6%	
Management rees (Note 2)	310,182	Prime Place Co., Ltd.	2,952	0.9%	
Outcoursing Food	O		456,186	77.6%	
Outsourcing Fees	588,034	Prime Place Co., Ltd.	4,762	0.8%	
Towart Dualsanaaa Faaa	110,463	Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd.	34,346	31.1%	
Tenant Brokerage Fees		Tokyo Tatemono Real Estate Sales Co., Ltd.	675	0.6%	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Interested parties and major shareholders refer to the interested parties of the asset management company who has concluded an asset management agreement with JPR and is regulated as designated in Article 123 of the Enforcement Order of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations and article 26-1-27 of the regulation on management reports in regard to investment trusts and investment corporations of The Investment Trusts Association, Japan.

(Note 3) Aside from transactions indicated in the above table, JPR paid the following amounts for repairs, etc. conducted by below parties who are interested parties or major shareholders during the 32nd fiscal period.

Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. 557,545 thousand yen Prime Place Co., Ltd. 1,633 thousand yen Tokyo Real Estate Management Co., Ltd. 456,690 thousand yen Shinjuku Center Building Management Co., Ltd. 10,816 thousand yen

# (5) Transactions with the Asset Management Company regarding Concurrent Work Conducted by the Asset Management Company

Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc., the asset management company of JPR, does not concurrently conduct any of the class 1 financial instruments transaction business, class 2 financial instruments transaction business, land and building transaction business, or real estate syndication business, and has no such transactions with JPR.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) The management fees indicated in the above table include construction management fees (total of 26,604 thousand yen) appropriated as assets and not handled as expenses.

# 7. Overview of Accounting

## (1) Assets, Liabilities, Principal, and Profits and Loss

Please refer to the Balance Sheets, Statements of Income and Retained Earnings, Statements of Unitholders' Equity and Notes to Financial Statements as well as Distribution Information on later pages of this report.

## (2) Changes in Calculation Method of Depreciation

No change has been made.

(3) Changes in Valuation Method of Real Estate and Infrastructure Assets No change has been made.

# 8. Overview of Self-Managed Investment Trust Beneficiary

## (1) Acquisition

Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc., the asset management company of JPR, acquired and holds JPR's investment units as indicated below.

Acquisition Date	Number of Units Acquired	Number of Units Disposed	Number of Units Held
September 14, 2001	40	-	40
January 22, 2002 (Note)	60	_	100
Accumulated Total	100	-	100

(Note) The acquisition was due to the investment unit split (2.5 units for one existing unit).

## (2) Units Held

	Number of Units Held at End of Period	Total Investment at End of Period (Note) (millions of yen)	Ratio to Total Units Issued and Outstanding (%)
24th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jul. 1, 2013 – Dec. 31, 2013)	100	20	0.0
25th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jan. 1, 2014 – Jun. 30, 2014)	100	20	0.0
26th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jul. 1, 2014 – Dec. 31, 2014)	100	20	0.0
27th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jan. 1, 2015 – Jun. 30, 2015)	100	20	0.0
28th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jul. 1, 2015 – Dec. 31, 2015)	100	20	0.0
29th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jan. 1, 2016 – Jun. 30, 2016)	100		0.0
30th Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jul. 1, 2016 – Dec. 31, 2016)	100	20	0.0
31st Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jan. 1, 2017 – Jun. 30, 2017)	100	20	0.0
32nd Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jul. 1, 2017 – Dec. 31, 2017)		20	0.0
33rd Fiscal Period	100	20	0.0
(Jan. 1, 2018 – Jun. 30, 2018)	100	20	0.0

(Note) Total investment at end of period represents the acquisition price.

# 9. Disclosure on Corporation Owning Foreign Real Estate

Not applicable

# 10. Disclosure on Real Estate Owned by Corporation Owning Foreign Real

Not applicable

# 11. Other

## (1) Notice

Major issues related to the execution and modification, etc. of major agreements approved at JPR's Board of Directors meeting in the 33rd fiscal period include the following:

Date of Board of Directors Meeting	Approved Item	Overview
May 10, 2018	Consignment of administrative services concerning the issuance of the Twenty-Third Series of Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds (Note)	JPR consigned the administrative services related to the issuance of the Twenty-Third Series of Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds to Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. and SMBC Nikko Securities Inc., on the condition that the executive director should decide to issue the relevant Bonds.

(Note) The board of directors' meeting held on April 19, 2018 passed the comprehensive resolution on the issuance of the relevant investment corporation bonds. Based on this, JPR issued the Twenty-Third Series of Unsecured Investment Corporation Bonds on May 31, 2018.

## (2) Other

Unless otherwise stated, monetary amounts are rounded down and percentage figures are rounded off to the nearest specified unit in this asset management report.

# (1) Balance Sheets

	(Thousands of y		
	End of 32nd Fiscal Period (Dec. 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (Jun. 30, 2018)	
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and deposits	20,773,083	21,115,284	
Cash and deposits in trust	12,091,281	12,066,268	
Operating accounts receivable	247,515	519,291	
Prepaid expenses	147,209	125,944	
Other	6,755	9,946	
Total current assets	33,265,845	33,836,736	
Noncurrent assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Buildings	57,873,121	58,129,064	
Accumulated depreciation	(15,814,180)	(16,630,904)	
Buildings, net	*1 42,058,940	41,498,159	
Buildings in trust	90,360,680	91,196,238	
Accumulated depreciation	(31,297,094)	(32,358,841)	
Buildings in trust, net	59,063,585	58,837,397	
Structures	50,400	56,009	
Accumulated depreciation	(20,751)	(22,098)	
Structures, net	29,649	33,911	
Structures in trust	125,868	128,416	
Accumulated depreciation	(77,356)	(80,101)	
Structures in trust, net	48,512	48,315	
Machinery and equipment	757,836	766,233	
Accumulated depreciation	(459,233)	(479,329)	
Machinery and equipment, net	*1 298,603	286,904	
Machinery and equipment in trust	1,714,794	1,740,193	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,333,447)	(1,360,749)	
Machinery and equipment in trust, net	381,347	379,443	
Tools, furniture and fixtures	87,998	92,427	
Accumulated depreciation	(46,364)	(50,840)	
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	41,634	41,587	
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	201,347	206,505	
Accumulated depreciation	(136,128)	(144,155)	
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust, net	65,218	62,350	
Land	*1 106,890,048	106,890,048	
Land in trust	189,014,043	189,014,043	
Construction in progress	248	11,076	
Construction in progress in trust	3,454	842	
Total property, plant and equipment	397,895,287	397,104,080	
Intangible assets	371,073,201	377,104,000	
Leasehold right	14,689,483	14,689,483	
Other	1,463	1,398	
Total intangible assets	14,690,947	14,690,882	
Investments and other assets	14,090,947	14,090,882	
	206 495	445,742	
Lease and guarantee deposits	396,485		
Long-term prepaid expenses	92,819	73,853	
Total investments and other assets	489,304	519,595	
Total noncurrent assets	413,075,539	412,314,558	
Deferred assets			
Investment corporation bond issuance costs	109,194	123,668	
Investment unit issuance expenses	36,936	22,814	
Total deferred assets	146,131	146,483	
Total assets	446,487,515	446,297,778	

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		(Thousands of yer
	End of 32nd Fiscal Period	End of 33rd Fiscal Period
	(Dec. 31, 2017)	(Jun. 30, 2018)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Operating accounts payable	1,805,561	1,971,763
Current portion of long-term loans payable	16,408,000	17,200,000
Current portion of investment corporation bonds	7,000,000	2,000,000
Accounts payable-other	629,439	634,670
Accrued expenses	81,817	76,135
Income taxes payable	605	605
Accrued consumption taxes	367,493	244,506
Advances received	2,709,394	2,761,325
Other	224	148
Total current liabilities	29,002,536	24,889,153
Noncurrent liabilities		
Investment corporation bonds	22,500,000	25,500,000
Long-term loans payable	135,320,000	136,420,000
Tenant leasehold and security deposits	*1 8,031,699	7,938,170
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	13,013,950	12,911,767
Total noncurrent liabilities	178,865,649	182,769,937
Total liabilities	207,868,185	207,659,091
Net assets		
Unitholders' equity		
Unitholders' capital	231,653,198	231,653,198
Surplus		
Voluntary reserve		
Reserve for reduction entry	284,356	284,356
Total voluntary reserve	284,356	284,356
Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss)	6,681,774	6,701,131
Total surplus	6,966,131	6,985,488
Total unitholders' equity	238,619,329	238,638,686
Total net assets	*3 238,619,329	*3 238,638,686
	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

# (2) Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

		(Thousands of yen)
	32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
	(Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	(Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)
Operating revenue		
Rent revenue-real estate	*1 15,141,927	*1 15,204,965
Total operating revenue	15,141,927	15,204,965
Operating expenses		
Expenses related to rent business	*1 6,810,823	*1 7,114,506
Asset management fee	548,466	553,336
Administrative service and asset custody fees	80,729	79,939
Directors' compensation	6,600	6,600
Trust fees	25,511	25,908
Other operating expenses	100,474	89,047
Total operating expenses	7,572,605	7,869,337
Operating income	7,569,322	7,335,628
Non-operating income		
Interest income	167	173
Income on settlement of management association accounts	3,996	216,700
Other	3,936	10,665
Total non-operating income	8,100	227,540
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	640,024	626,046
Borrowing expenses	35,927	34,296
Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds	202,950	186,345
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	16,808	13,621
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	14,989	14,121
Other	296	3,030
Total non-operating expenses	910,996	877,460
Ordinary income	6,666,426	6,685,708
Extraordinary income		
Subsidy income	_	1,082
Total extraordinary income	_	1,082
Income before income taxes	6,666,426	6,686,791
Income taxes-current	605	605
Total income taxes	605	605
Net income	6,665,821	6,686,186
Retained earnings brought forward	15,953	14,945
Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss)	6,681,774	6,701,131

# (3) Statements of Changes in Unitholders' Equity

	(Thousands of yen)		
	32nd Fiscal Period (Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)	
Unitholders' equity		,	
Unitholders' capital			
Balance at beginning of current period	231,653,198	231,653,198	
Changes of items during the period			
Total changes of items during the period	_	_	
Balance at end of current period	231,653,198	231,653,198	
Surplus			
Voluntary reserve			
Balance at beginning of current period	73,946	284,356	
Changes of items during the period			
Provision of reserve for reduction entry	210,409	_	
Total changes of items during the period	210,409		
Balance at end of current period	284,356	284,356	
Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss)			
Balance at beginning of current period	6,883,962	6,681,774	
Changes of items during the period			
Provision of reserve for reduction entry	(210,409)	_	
Dividends from surplus	(6,657,599)	(6,666,829	
Net income	6,665,821	6,686,186	
Total changes of items during the period	(202,187)	19,357	
Balance at end of current period	6,681,774	6,701,131	
Total surplus			
Balance at beginning of current period	6,957,909	6,966,131	
Changes of items during the period			
Provision of reserve for reduction entry			
Dividends from surplus	(6,657,599)	(6,666,829)	
Net income	6,665,821	6,686,186	
Total changes of items during the period	8,222	19,357	
Balance at end of current period	6,966,131	6,985,488	
Total unitholders' equity			
Balance at the beginning of current period	238,611,107	238,619,329	
Changes of items during the period			
Provision of reserve for reduction entry		_	
Dividends from surplus	(6,657,599)	(6,666,829)	
Net income	6,665,821	6,686,186	
Total changes of items during the period	8,222	19,357	
Balance at end of current period	238,619,329	238,638,686	
Total net assets			
Balance at beginning of current period	238,611,107	238,619,329	
Changes of items during the period			
Provision of reserve for reduction entry			
Dividends from surplus	(6,657,599)	(6,666,829)	
Net income	6,665,821	6,686,186	
Total changes of items during the period	8,222	19,357	
Balance at end of current period	238,619,329	238,638,686	

# (4) Statements of Cash Distributions

		32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
Ţ		(Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	(Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)
I.	Unappropriated retained earnings	6,681,774,937 yen	6,701,131,937 yen
II.	Distribution amount	6,666,829,000 yen	6,687,135,000 yen
	(Distribution amount per unit)	(7,223 yen)	(7,245 yen)
III.	Retained earnings carried forward	14,945,937 yen	13,996,937 yen
Me	thod for calculating distribution amount	Pursuant to the policy on cash distributions	Pursuant to the policy on cash distributions
		provided in Article 30 (2) of the Articles of	provided in Article 30 (2) of the Articles of
		Incorporation of JPR, the distribution amount	Incorporation of JPR, the distribution amount
		shall be in excess of an amount equivalent to	shall be in excess of an amount equivalent to
		90% of the "distributable income amount" as	90% of the "distributable income amount" as
		stipulated in Article 67-15 of the Act on	stipulated in Article 67-15 of the Act on
		Special Measures Concerning Taxation, but no	Special Measures Concerning Taxation, but no
		more than the amount of earnings. Based on	more than the amount of earnings. Based on
		such policy, JPR decided to pay out	such policy, JPR decided to pay out
		distributions of earnings of 6,666,829,000	distributions of earnings of 6,687,135,000
		yen, which is the largest integral multiple of	yen, which is the largest integral multiple of
		the total number of investment units issued	the total number of investment units issued
		and outstanding (923,000 units) in an amount	and outstanding (923,000 units) in an amount
		not in excess of unappropriated retained	not in excess of unappropriated retained
		earnings and to the extent of minimizing the	earnings and to the extent of minimizing the
		burden to unitholders incurred by accrual of	burden to unitholders incurred by accrual of
		corporate income tax, etc. Furthermore, JPR	corporate income tax, etc. Furthermore, JPR
		shall not distribute cash in excess of earnings	shall not distribute cash in excess of earnings
		as stipulated in Article 30 (4) of the Articles of	as stipulated in Article 30 (4) of the Articles of
		Incorporation.	Incorporation.

# (5) Statements of Cash Flows

		(Thousands of yen)
	32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
	(Jul. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2017)	(Jan. 1, 2018 - Jun. 30, 2018)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Income before income taxes	6,666,426	6,686,791
Depreciation and amortization	1,921,209	1,943,257
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	16,808	13,621
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	14,989	14,121
Interest income	(167)	(173)
Interest expenses	842,974	812,391
Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable	128,957	(271,775)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(26,088)	21,264
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	25,795	231,440
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other	(44,559)	5,334
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	204,159	(122,986)
Increase (decrease) in advances received	(23,658)	51,931
Other, net	(86,133)	(17,795)
Subtotal	9,640,714	9,367,419
Interest income received	167	173
Interest expenses paid	(842,341)	(818,073)
Income taxes (paid) refund	(605)	(606)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	8,797,934	8,548,913
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(355,283)	(262,539)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment in trust	(343,219)	(957,456)
Payments of lease and guarantee deposits	(49,257)	(49,257)
Repayments of tenant leasehold and security deposits	(19,368)	(605,044)
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits	305,489	519,715
Repayments of tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	(211,578)	(443,245)
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	468,011	367,873
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(205,206)	(1,429,952)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	17,900,000	10,200,000
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(13,066,000)	(8,308,000)
Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bonds	_	2,971,905
Redemption of investment corporation bonds	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)
Dividends paid	(6,656,178)	(6,665,677)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(6,822,178)	(6,801,772)
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	1,770,548	317,188
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of current period	31,093,816	32,864,364
Cash and cash equivalents at end of current period	*1 32,864,364	*1 33,181,553

## (6) Notes to Financial Statements

### (Basis of Presenting Financial Statements)

Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (JPR) maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan (Japanese GAAP), including provisions set forth in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan, the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (the Investment Trusts Act), the Companies Act and the related regulations, which are different in certain respects as to the adoption and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying financial statements are basically a translation of the audited financial statements of JPR, which were prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and filed with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau. In preparing the accompanying financial statements, certain reclassifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format which is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, the notes to financial statements include information which might not be required under Japanese GAAP but is presented herein as additional information.

JPR's accounting periods end at the end of June and December.

## (Significant Accounting Policies)

1 Depreciation/Amortization Method for Long-lived Assets

3. Standards for Recording

4. Scope of Cash and Cash

5. Other Significant Items

Financial Statements

Cash Flows

Equivalents in the Statements of

Fundamental to the Preparation of

Revenues and Expenses

(1) Property and Equipment (including entrusted properties)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of major property and equipment ranges are as follows:

Assets with purchase costs of 100,000 yen or more but less than 200,000 yen are depreciated over three years based on the Corporation Tax Act.

(2) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are amortized utilizing the straight-line method.

(3) Long-term Prepaid Expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses are amortized utilizing the straight-line method.

2. Accounting for Deferred Assets (1) Investment Corporation Bond Issuance Costs

Investment corporation bond issuance costs are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over the redemption periods.

(2) Investment unit issuance expenses

Investment unit issuance expenses are amortized utilizing the straight-line method over three years.

Accounting Treatment of Taxes on Property and Equipment

In connection with property taxes, city planning taxes and depreciated asset taxes (the "property taxes"), JPR uses the method of charging the corresponding amounts of assessed taxes to the current fiscal period as expenses related to rent business.

Furthermore, JPR capitalized an amount equivalent to the property taxes paid to the sellers during the first fiscal period as a part of the purchase cost, not as expenses, in connection with the acquisition of real estate or entrusted beneficiary interests in real estate as entrusted property. There were no taxes on property and equipment capitalized for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2018.

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statements of Cash Flows include the following items

- (1) Cash on hand and cash in trust
- (2) Deposits placed with banks and deposits in trust that can be withdrawn at any time
- (3) Short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash and have insignificant risk of price fluctuations and have original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date.
- (1) Accounting Policies on Trust Beneficiary Interests in Real Estate as Property in Trust

Regarding trust beneficiary interests in real estate, all asset and liability accounts of entrusted properties as well as all revenue and expense accounts generated by the property in trust are recorded in relevant accounts on the balance sheets and statements of income and retained earnings.

Furthermore, the following material accounts are separately presented in the balance sheets for properties in trust recorded in relevant accounts.

- a. Cash and deposits in trust
- b. Buildings in trust, structures in trust, machinery and equipment in trust, tools, furniture and fixtures in trust, land in trust and construction in progress in trust
- c. Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust
- (2) Accounting for Consumption Taxes

Revenues and expenses in the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings do not include consumption taxes.

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#### (Notes to Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted.)

- Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29 issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) on March 30, 2018)
- Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Guidance No. 30 issued by ASBJ on March 30, 2018)

#### (1) Overview

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) jointly developed a comprehensive accounting standard for revenue recognition, and issued it as Revenue from Contracts with Customers (IFRS 15 issued by IASB and Topic 606 issued by FASB) in May 2014. The IFRS 15 is applicable for accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2018 and thereafter, and the Topic 606 is applicable for accounting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. In accordance with this, the ASBJ has developed a comprehensive accounting standard for revenue recognition and issued it together with its implementation guidance.

In developing the accounting standard for revenue recognition, the ASBJ made it a basic policy to adopt the basic principles of the IFRS 15 as a starting point. By doing so, the ASBJ established the accounting standard from the viewpoint of comparability, which is a benefit for securing consistency with the IFRS 15, between financial statements based on the Japanese GAAP and those based on other accounting standards. Alternative treatments were also added, to the extent that they do not harm the comparability, in cases where there are items to be considered in the actual practices conducted in Japan to date.

#### (2) Scheduled date of adoption

JPR will adopt the Accounting Standard and Implementation Guidance from the beginning of the fiscal period ending December 31, 2021.

(3) Impact of adoption of the accounting standard and implementation guidance

The amount of impact on the financial statements by the adoption of the Accounting Standard and Implementation Guidance for Revenue Recognition is being assessed at present.

#### (Notes to Balance Sheets)

#### \*1. Assets Pledged as Collateral and Secured Liabilities

Assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

(Thousands of yen)

	End of 32nd Fiscal Period (as of December 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)
Buildings (net)	105,821	
Machinery and equipment (net)	2,054	
Land	399,183	
Total	507,060	-

### Secured liabilities are as follows:

(Thousands of yen)

	End of 32nd Fiscal Period (as of December 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)
Tenant leasehold and security deposits	15,536	
Total	15,536	-

### 2. Balance of Unused Commitment Line

JPR has executed a commitment line agreement with its principal banks primarily to minimize refinancing risks and enhance financial stability.

(Thousands of yen)

	End of 32nd Fiscal Period (as of December 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)
Credit limit	24,000,000	24,000,000
Outstanding debts at end of period	_	
Unused commitment line at end of period	24,000,000	24,000,000

#### \*3. Minimum Total Unitholders' Equity Designated in Article 67-4 in the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations

(Thousands of ye

	(Thousands of yen)
End of 32nd Fiscal Period (as of December 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)
50,000	50,000

## (Notes to Statements of Income and Retained Earnings)

\*1. Breakdown of Rent Revenue-Real Estate and Expenses Related to Rent Business

		(Thousands of yen)
	32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
	(July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)	(January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)
A. Rent Revenue-Real Estate		
Rent Revenue		
Rents	10,613,685	10,725,048
Land rents	1,580,499	1,630,000
Common charges	1,661,544	1,618,829
Parking fees	264,972	269,424
Advertising fees	70,578	74,763
Antenna usage fees	22,477	23,022
Other	40,767	39,621
Subtotal	14,254,525	14,380,710
Other rental revenues		
Incidental rent income	788,587	673,387
Time-based parking fees	7,843	7,792
Cancellation charges	35,495	14,154
Income equivalent to expenses for restoration	20.950	101 200
to original condition	29,850	101,309
Other miscellaneous income	25,624	27,611
Subtotal	887,402	824,255
Total rent revenue-real estate	15,141,927	15,204,965
B. Expenses Related to Rent Business		
Outsourcing expenses	598,343	586,654
Utilities expenses	878,829	748,568
Property and other taxes	2,044,170	2,217,829
Casualty insurance	25,895	24,721
Repairs and maintenance	329,320	473,717
Property management fees	268,081	289,577
Management association accounts	584,603	567,860
Depreciation	1,921,209	1,943,257
Other	160,368	262,319
Total expenses related to rent business	6,810,823	7,114,506
C. Profits for Rent Business (A-B)	8,331,104	8,090,459

## (Notes to Statements of Changes in Unitholders' Equity)

	32nd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Total number of authorized units and number of units outstanding		
Total number of authorized units	5,000,000 units	5,000,000 units
Number of units outstanding	923,000 units	923,000 units

## (Notes to Statements of Cash Flows)

\*1. Reconciliation of the Amounts of the Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period in the Statements of Cash Flows with the Amounts of the Corresponding Accounts on the Balance Sheets

(Thousands of yen)

	32nd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Cash and deposits	20,773,083	21,115,284
Cash and deposits in trust	12,091,281	12,066,268
Cash and cash equivalents	32,864,364	33,181,553

#### (Leases)

Future minimum lease payments to be received under non-cancelable operating leases

(Thousands of yen)

	32nd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Due within one year	6,079,300	6,585,367
Due after one year	12,497,857	14,746,723
Total	18,577,158	21,332,090

### (Financial Instruments)

- 1. Matters Concerning Status of Financial Instruments
- (1) Policy on Handling Financial Instruments

In an aim to proactively expand asset size and maintain stable cash distributions to unitholders, JPR adopts the asset management policy of paying heed to efficiently combining the procurement of long-term funds that are stable and the procurement of short-term funds that emphasize flexibility.

There may be cases where JPR will engage in derivative transactions, but such will be limited to hedging for interest rate fluctuation risk and other hedging purposes. Please note that JPR is not engaged in derivative transactions at present.

(2) Description of Financial Instruments and Associated Risks, and Risk Management Structure

Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. (TRIM), the asset management company of JPR, strives for risk management by complying with the JPR Asset Management Guidelines and other rules and regulations. The following outlines the description of individual financial instruments and the associated risks, and the risk management.

Deposits are exposed to risks of bankruptcy of the financial institutions holding the deposits and other credit risks, but the risks are managed through such measures as setting a minimum credit rating for the financial institutions holding the deposits.

Loans payable and investment corporation bonds are exposed to liquidity risks at the time of repayment/redemption, but the liquidity risks are managed through such measures as procuring funds from the capital market by increasing capital, executing a commitment line agreement with the main lending financial institutions, and also having statements of cash receipts and disbursements prepared by the financial division.

(3) Supplementary Explanation on Matters Concerning Fair Value, etc. of Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments, aside from values based on market price, include values based on reasonable calculations when there is no market price. Certain assumptions are used in calculating those values and there may be cases where the values will vary when different assumptions are used.

#### 2. Matters Concerning Fair Value, etc. of Financial Instruments

The following are the carrying values and fair values as of December 31, 2017 of financial instruments, and the difference between these amounts. Please note that the following table does not include those for which discerning of fair value is recognized to be extremely difficult (please refer to Note 3).

(Thousands of yen)

	(			
		Carrying Value (Note 1)	Estimated Fair Value (Note 1)	Difference
(1)	Cash and deposits	20,773,083	20,773,083	_
(2)	Cash and deposits in trust	12,091,281	12,091,281	_
(3)	Current portion of long-term loans payable	(16,408,000)	(16,481,773)	73,773
(4)	Current portion of investment corporation bonds	(7,000,000)	(7,030,800)	30,800
(5)	Investment corporation bonds	(22,500,000)	(24,046,017)	1,546,017
(6)	Long-term loans payable	(135,320,000)	(136,959,541)	1,639,541

The following are the carrying values and fair values as of June 30, 2018 of financial instruments, and the difference between these amounts. Please note that the following table does not include those for which discerning of fair value is recognized to be extremely difficult (please refer to Note 3)

(Thousands of yen)

			(Thousands of John)
	Carrying Value (Note 1)	Estimated Fair Value (Note 1)	Difference
(1) Cash and deposits	21,115,284	21,115,284	
(2) Cash and deposits in trust	12,066,268	12,066,268	
(3) Current portion of long-term loans payable	(17,200,000)	(17,334,944)	134,944
(4) Current portion of investment corporation bonds	(2,000,000)	(2,008,000)	8,000
(5) Investment corporation bonds	(25,500,000)	(27,003,898)	1,503,898
(6) Long-term loans payable	(136,420,000)	(137,943,159)	1,523,159

(Note 1) Liabilities are shown in parentheses.

(Note 2) Method of calculation of fair value of financial instruments

- (1) Cash and deposits, and (2) Cash and deposits in trust
  - As these financial instruments are settled within a short period of time, the fair value is approximately the same as the carrying value and is thus stated at that carrying value.
- (3) Current portion of long-term loans payable, and (6) Long-term loans payable
  - The fair value of these financial instruments is calculated based on the discounted cash flow method under which the total amount of principal and interests are discounted by the rate assumed as being applicable in the event of a new drawdown whose term is corresponding to the remaining loan term.
- (4) Current portion of investment corporation bonds, and (5) Investment corporation bonds
  Of the fair value of these financial instruments, those with market price are calculated based on market price and those with no market price are calculated in accordance with (3) and (6) above.
- (Note 3) Financial instruments for which discerning of fair value is recognized to be extremely difficult.

Tenant leasehold and security deposits and tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust that are deposited by lessees of lease rental properties are not subject to disclosure of fair value because reasonable estimation of cash flows is recognized to be extremely difficult since there is no market price and also since it is difficult to calculate the actual deposit period from when lessees move in to when they move out. The following is the carrying value of tenant leasehold and security deposits, and tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust.

(Thousands of yen)

Category	End of 32nd Fiscal Period (as of December 31, 2017)	End of 33rd Fiscal Period (as of June 30, 2018)
Tenant leasehold and security deposits	8,031,699	7,938,170
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	13,013,950	12,911,767

(Note 4) Scheduled redemption of monetary claims to be due subsequent to the 32nd fiscal period end (December 31, 2017)

(Thousands of yen)

	Due in One Year or Less	Due after One Year through Two Years	Due after Two Years through Three Years	Due after Three Years through Four Years	Due after Four Years through Five Years	Due after Five Years
Cash and deposits	20,773,083	_	_	_	_	_
Cash and deposits in trust	12,091,281	_	_	_	_	

Scheduled redemption of monetary claims to be due subsequent to the 33rd fiscal period end (June 30, 2018)

(Thousands of yen)

	Due in One Year or Less	Due after One Year through Two Years	Due after Two Years through Three Years	Due after Three Years through Four Years	Due after Four Years through Five Years	Due after Five Years
Cash and deposits	21,115,284	_	_	_	_	_
Cash and deposits in trust	12,066,268	_	_	_	_	

(Note 5) Amount of repayment or redemption of investment corporation bonds and long-term loans payable scheduled to be due subsequent to the 32nd fiscal period end (December 31, 2017)

(Thousands of yen)

	Due in One Year or Less	Due after One Year through Two Years	Due after Two Years through Three Years	Due after Three Years through Four Years	Due after Four Years through Five Years	Due after Five Years
Investment corporation bonds	7,000,000	4,000,000	_	_	_	18,500,000
Long-term loans payable	16,408,000	17,100,000	21,000,000	19,820,000	14,500,000	62,900,000

Amount of repayment or redemption of investment corporation bonds and long-term loans payable scheduled to be due subsequent to the 33rd fiscal period end (June 30, 2018)

(Thousands of yen)

	Due in One Year or Less	Due after One Year through Two Years	Due after Two Years through Three Years	Due after Three Years through Four Years	Due after Four Years through Five Years	Due after Five Years
Investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	4,000,000	_	_	2,000,000	19,500,000
Long-term loans payable	17,200,000	18,000,000	20,820,000	20,500,000	15,000,000	62,100,000

## (Securities)

32nd fiscal period (as of December 31, 2017)

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (as of June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

## (Derivative Transactions)

32nd fiscal period (as of December 31, 2017)

Not applicable as JPR entered into no derivative transactions

33rd fiscal period (as of June 30, 2018)

Not applicable as JPR entered into no derivative transactions

## (Retirement Benefits)

32nd fiscal period (as of December 31, 2017)

Not applicable as JPR does not have any retirement benefit plans

33rd fiscal period (as of June 30, 2018)

Not applicable as JPR does not have any retirement benefit plans

## (Tax Effect Accounting)

1. Breakdown of Main Items that Caused Differences between the Effective Statutory Tax Rate and the Effective Tax Rate after Applying Tax Effect Accounting

	32nd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Effective statutory tax rate	31.74%	31.74%
(Adjustment)		
Deductible cash distributions	(31.74%)	(31.74%)
Other	0.01%	0.01%
Effective tax rate after applying tax effect accounting	0.01%	0.01%

## (Equity Method Income and Retained Earnings)

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)

Not applicable as JPR does not have any affiliated companies

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable as JPR does not have any affiliated companies

## (Transactions with Related Parties)

1. Parent Company and Major Corporation Unitholders

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

#### 2. Subsidiaries

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

### 3. Sister Companies

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

## 4. Directors and Major Individual Unitholders

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

## (Asset Retirement Obligations)

 $32nd\ fiscal\ period\ (July\ 1,\ 2017-December\ 31,\ 2017)$ 

Not applicable

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

Not applicable

#### (Segment Information)

#### [Segment Information]

Disclosure is omitted as JPR is comprised of a single operating segment engaged in the property rental business.

#### [Related Information]

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)

#### 1. Information about Products and Services

Disclosure is omitted as sales to external customers for the single product and service unit is in excess of 90% of operating revenue on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### 2. Information about Geographic Areas

#### (1) Revenues from Overseas Customers

Disclosure is omitted as revenues from domestic external customers are in excess of 90% of total revenues on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### (2) Tangible Fixed Assets

Disclosure is omitted as tangible fixed assets located in Japan are in excess of 90% of total tangible fixed assets on the Balance Sheets

#### 3. Information about Major Customers

Disclosure is omitted as sales to any single external customer accounts for less than 10% of the operating revenue on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

#### 1. Information about Products and Services

Disclosure is omitted as sales to external customers for the single product and service unit is in excess of 90% of operating revenue on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

## 2. Information about Geographic Areas

## (1) Revenues from Overseas Customers

Disclosure is omitted as revenues from domestic external customers are in excess of 90% of total revenues on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

### (2) Tangible Fixed Assets

Disclosure is omitted as tangible fixed assets located in Japan are in excess of 90% of total tangible fixed assets on the Balance Sheets.

### 3. Information about Major Customers

Disclosure is omitted as sales to any single external customer accounts for less than 10% of the operating revenue on the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings.

## (Investment and Rental Properties)

JPR owns office properties (urban commercial facilities) and retail properties for leasing in Tokyo and other regions. The following is the carrying value on the balance sheets, amount of increase (decrease) during the period and fair value of these investment and rental properties.

(Thousands of yen) 32nd Fiscal Period 33rd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017) (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018) Carrying Value on the Balance Sheets 413,882,673 412,586,234 Balance at Beginning of Period Amount of Increase (Decrease) during the Period (791,271) (1,296,439) Balance at End of Current Period 412,586,234 411,794,962 Fair Value at End of Period 476,050,000 484,291,000

The income (loss) in the 32nd and 33rd fiscal periods for investment and rental properties are as presented in the "Notes to Statements of Income and Retained Earnings."

## (Per Unit Information)

	32nd Fiscal Period (July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	33rd Fiscal Period (January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Total net assets per unit	258,525 yen	258,546 yen
Net income per unit	7,221 yen	7,243 yen

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Net income per unit is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of units outstanding during the current fiscal period. Diluted net income per unit has not been presented since no subscription rights to shares are outstanding.

(Note 2) Net income per unit was calculated based on the following data:

	32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
	(July 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017)	(January 1, 2018 - June 30, 2018)
Net income (thousands of yen)	6,665,821	6,686,186
Amounts not attributable to ordinary unitholders (thousands of yen)	_	_
Net income attributable to ordinary investment units (thousands of yen)	6,665,821	6,686,186
Average number of units during the fiscal period	923,000 units	923,000 units

## (Subsequent Events)

Not applicable

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The carrying value on the balance sheets is the purchase cost less accumulated depreciation.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Of the amount of increase (decrease) for the 32nd fiscal period, the amount of decrease is primarily attributable to depreciation (1,921,209 thousand yen). Of the amount of increase (decrease) for the 33rd fiscal period, the amount of decrease is primarily attributable to depreciation (1,943,257 thousand yen).

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) The fair value at end of the current period is the appraisal value or survey value as appraised by an outside real estate appraiser.

## (7) Detailed Schedules

- 1) Schedule of Securities Not applicable
- 2) Status of Contract Amounts, etc. and Fair Value of Derivative Transactions and Forward Exchange Transactions Not applicable
- 3) Schedule of Assets Related to Real Estate

	Balance as of				Accumulated Dep	reciation		
Asset Type	January 1, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Increase during the Period (thousands of yen)	Decrease during the Period (thousands of yen)	Balance as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Or Accumulated Amortization (thousands of yen)	Depreciation during the Period (thousands of yen)	Net Balance as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Remarks
Current Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Noncurrent Assets								
(Property, plant								
and equipment)								
Buildings	57,873,121	259,444	3,501	58,129,064	16,630,904	817,453	41,498,159	
Structures	50,400	5,609	_	56,009	22,098	1,347	33,911	
Machinery and	757,836	8,396	_	766,233	479,329	20,095	286,904	
equipment Tools,		-						
furniture and	97.009	4 420	_	02.427	50.040	4 475	41.507	
fixtures	87,998	4,429	_	92,427	50,840	4,475	41,587	
Land	106,890,048	_	_	106,890,048	_	_	106,890,048	
Construction				, ,				
in progress	248	11,188	360	11,076	_	_	11,076	
Subtotal	165,659,655	289,066	3,861	165,944,860	17,183,172	843,371	148,761,688	
(Beneficiary	,,	,	- ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.,, .		2,12,22	
interests in trust)								
Buildings in	00.260.600	025.550		01.106.220	22.250.041	1.061.746	50.027.207	
trust	90,360,680	835,558	_	91,196,238	32,358,841	1,061,746	58,837,397	
Structures in	125,868	2,547	_	128,416	80,101	2,745	48,315	
trust	125,606	2,547		120,410	30,101	2,743	70,515	
Machinery and equipment in trust	1,714,794	25,398	_	1,740,193	1,360,749	27,301	379,443	
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	201,347	5,157	_	206,505	144,155	8,026	62,350	
Land in trust Construction	189,014,043	_	_	189,014,043	_	_	189,014,043	
in progress in trust	3,454	1,104	3,717	842	_	_	842	
Subtotal	281,420,189	869,767	3,717	282,286,239	33,943,847	1,099,820	248,342,392	
Total	447,079,844	1,158,834	7,578	448,231,100	51,127,019	1,943,192	397,104,080	
Intangible Assets								
Leasehold	14 600 403	_	_	14 600 403	_		14 (90 403	
right	14,689,483	_	_	14,689,483	_	_	14,689,483	
Other	2,602	_		2,602	1,204	65	1,398	
Total	14,692,086	_	_	14,692,086	1,204	65	14,690,882	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The "Increase during the Period" is due to construction works, etc.
(Note 2) The "Decrease during the Period" is due to the transfer to relevant accounts as a result of construction completion for construction in progress and construction in progress in trust, and due to asset retirement for buildings.

## 4) Schedule of Other Specified Assets Not applicable

5) Schedule of Investment Corporation Bonds

Seventh Series of   Investment Corporation   Bonds (Note 1)   Sixteenth Series of   Investment Corporation   Bonds (Note 1)   Sixteenth Series of   Investment Corporation   Bonds (Note 1)   Seventeenth Series of   Series   Series of   Series   Series of   Series   Series	5) Schedule of Inv	esimeni Corpo	ration Bonds			i			
Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)   Dec. 14, 2006   4,500,000   -   4,500,000   2.900   Dec. 14, 2026	Name	Issue Date	January 1, 2018 (thousands of	during the Period (thousands of	June 30, 2018 (thousands of	Rate	Maturity Date	Use	Remarks
Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)	Investment Corporation	Dec. 14, 2006	4,500,000	_	4,500,000	2.900	Dec. 14, 2026		
Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)	Investment Corporation	Oct. 25, 2011	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	1.340	Oct. 25, 2018		
Investment Corporation	Investment Corporation	Nov. 22, 2012	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	1.030	Nov. 22, 2019		
Investment Corporation	Investment Corporation	May 31, 2013	5,000,000	5,000,000	_	0.650	May 31, 2018		
Nineteenth Series of Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)	Investment Corporation	May 31, 2013	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	1.460	May 31, 2023	01.4.2)	11
Investment Corporation   Jul. 22, 2014   2,000,000   - 2,000,000   0.303   Jul. 22, 2019	Investment Corporation	Feb. 5, 2014	5,000,000	_	5,000,000	1.110	Feb. 5, 2024	(Note 2)	Unsecured
	Investment Corporation	Jul. 22, 2014	2,000,000	_	2,000,000	0.303	Jul. 22, 2019		
Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)  Jul. 22, 2014  4,000,000  - 4,000,000  1.278  Jul. 22, 2026	Investment Corporation	Jul. 22, 2014	4,000,000	_	4,000,000	1.278	Jul. 22, 2026		
Twenty-second Series of Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)  Dec. 4, 2014  3,000,000  - 3,000,000  0.831  Dec. 4, 2024	Investment Corporation	Dec. 4, 2014	3,000,000	_	3,000,000	0.831	Dec. 4, 2024		
Twenty-third Series of Investment Corporation Bonds (Note 1)  May 31, 2018  — — 3,000,000 0.550 May 31, 2028	Investment Corporation	May 31, 2018	_	_	3,000,000	0.550	May 31, 2028		
Total 29,500,000 5,000,000 27,500,000	Total		29,500,000	5,000,000	27,500,000				

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) These investment corporation bonds are equipped with the same rank rider limited among certain investment corporation bonds.

(Note 3) Amounts of investment corporation bonds to be redeemed within five years after the date of the balance sheets are as follows.

	Due in One Year	Due after One Year	Due after Two Years	Due after Three Years	Due after Four Years
	or Less	through Two Years	through Three Years	through Four Years	through Five Years
	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)
Investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	4,000,000	-	-	2,000,000

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Funds are used for purchasing real estate or real estate beneficiary interest in trust (including accompanying expenses), repaying loans payable and redeeming investment corporation bonds, etc.

6) Schedule of Loans Payable

Lender	Balance as of January 1, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Increase during Current Period (thousands of yen)	Decrease during Current Period (thousands of yen)	Balance as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Interest Rate (Note 2) (Note 3)	Repayment Date	Use	Remarks
<b>Long-Term Loans Payable</b> (Note 1)								
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.027%	Dec. 5, 2019		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.970%	Nov. 27, 2020		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.351%	Mar. 30, 2021		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	0.400%	Mar. 30, 2022		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	1.178%	Jun. 27, 2023		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.011%	Mar. 11, 2024		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.056%	Mar. 24, 2025		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	0.804%	Feb. 4, 2026		
Mizuho Bank Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.795%	Nov. 19, 2027		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1.178%	Aug. 8, 2019		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1.027%	Dec. 5, 2019		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.970%	Nov. 27, 2020		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	0.889%	Jun. 25, 2021		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 8)	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.873%	Aug. 31, 2023		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	0.510%	Mar. 25, 2024		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 8)	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.633%	Dec. 13, 2024		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.638%	Aug. 8, 2025		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 8)	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	0.600%	Aug. 29, 2025		
MUFG Bank, Ltd. (Note 7)	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.593%	Sep. 5, 2025		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1.027%	Dec. 5, 2019		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	1.265%	Jun. 26, 2020		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.351%	Mar. 30, 2021		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	0.400%	Mar. 30, 2022		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	2,500,000	-	100.000	2,500,000	1.033%	Jun. 27, 2022		
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	2,300,000	-	100,000	2,200,000	3.190%	(Note 5)		
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	820,000	-	-	820,000	1.449%	Jun. 25, 2021		Unsecured/
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.188%	Dec. 3, 2021	(Note 4)	Unguaranteed/
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.056%	Mar. 24, 2025		
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.843%	Jun. 14,2027		
Development Bank of Japan, Inc.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.795%	Nov. 19, 2027		
Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000	1.397%	Apr. 5, 2019		
Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.076%	Sep. 24, 2020		
Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.134%	Dec. 5, 2024		
Shinsei Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.843%	Jun. 14,2027		
Aozora Bank Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.146%	Aug. 30, 2018		
Aozora Bank Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1.178%	Aug. 8, 2019		
Aozora Bank Ltd.	1,000,000	-		1,000,000	1.069%	Sep. 24, 2020		
Aozora Bank Ltd.  Aozora Bank Ltd.	1,000,000	-			0.534%	Aug. 23, 2024		
Aozora Bank Ltd.	1,000,000	-		1,000,000		Feb. 25, 2025		
			-		0.625%	Jul. 3, 2025		
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	1.076%	Feb. 4, 2020		
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Shinkin Central Bank	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000	0.309%	Mar. 30, 2020		
	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	0.689%	Dec. 5, 2018		
Shinkin Central Bank The Benk of Eulevalee	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000		Dec. 14,2021		
The Bank of Fukuoka The Bank of Fukuoka	1,000,000 2,000,000	-		1,000,000 2,000,000	0.911% 0.816%	Sep. 24, 2019 Oct. 6, 2023		
The Bank of Fukuoka	2,000,000	-		2,000,000	0.480%	Jul. 7,2026		
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company			3,208,000	2,000,000	1.800%			
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company	3,208,000 1,000,000	-	3,200,000	1,000,000	1.042%	(Note 6)		
	1,000,000	3 200 000			0.813%	Feb. 5, 2025		
Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company  The Shinkumi Federation Bank	2 000 000	3,200,000	2 000 000	3,200,000		Jun. 21, 2028		
The Shinkumi Federation Bank The Shinkumi Federation Bank	3,000,000	4 000 000	3,000,000	4 000 000	0.786%	Feb. 5, 2018		
The Shinkumi Federation Bank The Nighi Nippon City Bank Ltd	1 000 000	4,000,000	-	4,000,000	0.404%	Aug. 5, 2022		
The Nishi-Nippon City Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000 3,000,000	0.388%	Dec. 14,2021 May 27, 2026		

Lender	Balance as of January 1, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Increase during Current Period (thousands of yen)	Decrease during Current Period (thousands of yen)	Balance as of June 30, 2018 (thousands of yen)	Interest Rate (Note 2) (Note 3)	Repayment Date	Use	Remarks
Long-Term Loans Payable (Note 1)								
Taiyo Life Insurance Company	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	0.949%	Jun. 4, 2018		
Taiyo Life Insurance Company	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1.011%	Dec. 25, 2020		
Taiyo Life Insurance Company	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.969%	Sep. 24, 2024		
Taiyo Life Insurance Company	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	0.811%	Jun. 5, 2028		
Chugoku Bank	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.758%	Sep. 25, 2018		
Chugoku Bank	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.816%	Oct. 6, 2023		
The Norinchukin Bank	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.388%	Dec. 14, 2021		
The Norinchukin Bank	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.604%	Jun. 5, 2025		
ORIX Bank Corporation	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	0.786%	Feb. 5, 2018		
ORIX Bank Corporation	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.762%	May 27, 2019		
Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.453%	Oct. 11, 2024		
National Mutual Insurance Federation of Agricultural Cooperatives	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.388%	Dec. 14, 2021	(Note 4)	Unsecured/
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.759%	Dec. 25, 2023		Unguaranteed/
The Hachijuni Bank	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.489%	Oct. 9, 2020		
The Hachijuni Bank	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.209%	Sep. 24,2021		
Resona Bank, Ltd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	0.438%	Sep. 30, 2022		
The Iyo Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.816%	Oct. 6, 2023		
NTT FINANCE CORPORATION	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	0.408%	May 31, 2023		
The 77 Bank, Ltd.	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	0.408%	May 31, 2023		
The Daishi Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.396%	Nov. 21, 2022		
Daido Life Insurance Company	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.710%	Dec. 27, 2018		
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.710%	Dec. 27, 2018		
The Hiroshima Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.396%	Nov. 21, 2022		
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Limited	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	0.691%	Mar. 25, 2026		
The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	1,000,000	-		1,000,000	0.795%	Nov. 19, 2027		
Total	151,728,000	10,200,000	8,308,000	153,620,000				

(Note 1) Amounts of long-term loans payable to be repaid within five years after the date of the balance sheets are as follows.

	Due in One Year	Due after One Year	Due after Two Years	Due after Three Years	Due after Four Years
	or Less	through Two Years	through Three Years	through Four Years	through Five Years
	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)
Long-term loans payable	17,200,000	18,000,000	20,820,000	20,500,000	15,000,000

- (Note 2) The interest rates are rounded to the third decimal place. Furthermore, fees related to loan arrangement paid to the above lenders are not included.
- (Note 3) Long-term loans payable are fixed-rate loans payable.
- (Note 4) Funds are used for purchasing real estate or real estate beneficiary interests in trust (including accompanying expenses), repaying loans payable and redemption of investment corporation bonds, etc.
- (Note 5) The loans payable are subject to repayment of 100 million yen on December 27, 2009 and thereafter every 6 months. In addition, repayment of 2,100 million yen will be made on the maturity date of June 27, 2019.
- (Note 6) The loans payable are subject to repayment of 66 million yen on June 27, 2012 and thereafter every 6 months. In addition, repayment of 3,208 million yen will be made on the maturity date of June 21, 2018.
- (Note 7) The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. changed its name to MUFG Bank, Ltd. as of April 1, 2018.
- (Note 8) The corporate lending businesses of Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation were transferred to MUFG Bank, Ltd. as of April 1, 2018). In accordance with this, MUFG Bank, Ltd. succeeded the position as lender from Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation.

## (8) Independent Auditor's Report



Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Hibiya Mitsui Tower, Tokyo Midtown Hibiya 1-1-2 Yurakucho, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-0006, Japan Tel: +81 3 3503 1100 Fax: +81 3 3503 1197 www.eyjapan.jp

## Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation, which comprise the balance sheet as at June 30, 2018, and the statements of income and retained earnings, changes in unitholders' equity, cash distributions and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, all expressed in Japanese yen.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for designing and operating such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit of the financial statements is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, but in making these risk assessments the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation as at June 30, 2018 and its financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Ernst & Young Shinnihon LLC

September 21, 2018 Tokyo, Japan

# (9) Other Notes (Information only)

(Property and Equipment Leased to JPR)

32nd Fiscal Period	33rd Fiscal Period
(July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)	(January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)
No property and equipment was leased to JPR	No property and equipment was leased to JPR

## (Transactions with Interested Parties)

32nd fiscal period (July 1, 2017 – December 31, 2017)

Attribute	Name of Company, etc.	Business Description or Occupation	Percentage of Number of Investment Units Held Among Total Number of Investment Units	Transactions	Transaction Amount (thousands of yen)	Account	Balance at End of Period (thousands of yen)
Asset	Mizuho Trust & Banking	Banking business and	_	Borrowing of long-term loans payable	_	Long-term loans payable	7,000,000
Custodian	Co., Ltd.	trust business		Interest expenses	22,503	Accrued expenses	489

(Note) Transaction terms are determined based on prevailing market conditions.

33rd fiscal period (January 1, 2018 – June 30, 2018)

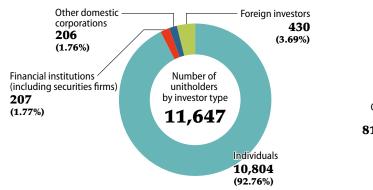
Attribute	Name of Company, etc.	Business Description or Occupation	Percentage of Number of Investment Units Held Among Total Number of Investment Units	Transactions	Transaction Amount (thousands of yen)	Account	Balance at End of Period (thousands of yen)
Asset	Mizuho Trust & Banking	Banking business and	_	Borrowing of long-term loans payable	_	Long-term loans payable	7,000,000
Custodian	Co., Ltd.	trust business		Interest expenses	22,136	Accrued expenses	366

 $(Note)\ Transaction\ terms\ are\ determined\ based\ on\ prevailing\ market\ conditions.$ 

## Status of Investment Unit Price (as of June 30, 2018)



## Breakdown of Unitholders (as of June 30, 2018)





#### Individuals Foreign investors 35,622 units 223,176 units (3.85%)(24.17%) Number of investment units by investor type Other domestic 923,000 corporations units 81,377 units Financial institutions (8.81%)(including securities firms) 582,825 units (63.14%)

## Annual Schedule (provisional)



## Introduction to the JPR Website

## http://www.jpr-reit.co.jp/en/

JPR endeavors to conduct IR activities and information provision by offering a variety of contents on its website in order to secure timely disclosure of information to investors and help them gain a better understanding of JPR.



Point 1 **Digest of Financial** 



Point 2

**Results** 

**Initiatives on Sustainability** 

Point 3

**Property Overview** 





## IR Mail Delivery Service

The IR Mail Delivery Service provides information on JPR in a timely manner to registered persons. If you wish to be registered, please click this icon to apply.

## **Notes for Investors**

Fiscal Period Ends	June 30 and December 31 of each year
General Meeting of Unitholders	At least once every two years
<b>Base Date of General Meeting of Unitholders</b>	The date designated pursuant to JPR's Articles of Incorporation
Cash Distribution Payment Eligibility	Unitholders of record as of June 30 and December 31 of each year
Transfer Agent	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
	2-1 Yaesu 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Location of Records	Main Branch, Stock Transfer Agency Division
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
	2-1 Yaesu 1-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo
Mailing Address	Stock Transfer Agency Division
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
	2-8-4 Izumi, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168-8507
Contact by Phone	0120-288-324 (toll-free only in Japan)
Listing	Tokyo Stock Exchange (Securities Code: 8955)

## **Procedures for Change of Address**

For filing or inquiring about a change of address, please contact your securities company with whom you have an account. For unitholders who have not utilized Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc. before the dematerialization of stock certificates, accounts (special accounts) have been opened at Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd., JPR's transfer agent. For filing or inquiring about a change of address and other matters with regard to your special account, please direct them to the contact number indicated above.

### **Cash Distributions**

Cash distributions can be collected by bringing the "unitholder dividend receipt" to the nearest Japan Post Bank main or branch office, sub-branch office or post office (bank agent) in Japan. If the collection period has elapsed, please make your collection by designating the collection method on the back of the "unitholder dividend receipt" and mailing it to Mizuho Trust & Banking's Stock Transfer Agency Division. Cash distributions can also be collected at the main or branch offices of Mizuho Trust & Banking (excluding the Trust Lounge) and Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

If you wish to designate a transfer of cash distributions to a bank, etc., please contact your securities company (if you have an account with the company) or Mizuho Trust & Banking (if a special account has been opened), as in the case of changing the address, etc. above.